			100 Ve	100 Verbs		
	صدر = infinitifve			المصدر = infinitive		
1	<u>be</u>	يكون	51	stand_	يقف	
2	<u>have</u>	يمتلك	52	<u>lose</u>	يخسر	
3	<u>do</u>	يفعل	53	<u>pay</u>	يدفع	
4	<u>say</u>	يفعل يقول يذهب تحصل يصنع يعرف يغكر يأخذ		<u>meet</u>	يخسر يدفع يقابل يشمل يكمل تعيين/يُحَدِّد يتعلم يتغير	
5	<u>go</u>	يذهب		include	يشمل	
6	<u>get</u>	تحصل	56	continue	یکمل	
7	<u>make</u>	يصنع		<u>set</u>	تعيين/يُحَدِّد	
8	<u>know</u>	يعرف	58	<u>learn</u>	يتعلم	
9	<u>think</u>	<b>یفک</b> ر		change	يتغير	
10	take_	يأخذ		<u>lead</u>		
11	<u>see</u>	یری		<u>understand</u>	ي و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و	
12	<u>come</u>	یری یأتی		watch	یشاهد	
	want	يريد		follow	يتبع	
14	look	ينظر	64	stop	يقف	
	use	يستخدم	65	create	يخلق/يصنع	
	<u>find</u>	يجد	66	<u>speak</u>	يتكلم	
17	give	يعطي	67	<u>read</u>	يقرأ	
18	<u>tell</u>	يقول/يخبر		allow	يسمح	
19	work	يقول ً بيخبر يعمل	69	add	يضيف	
	call	ينادي/يتّصل		<u>spend</u>	ينفق	
	try	يحاول يسأل	71	grow	ينمو	
22	ask	يسأل	72	open	يفتح	
23	need	يحتاج		walk	يمشي	
24	<u>feel</u>	يشعر		<u>win</u>	يفوز	
25	<u>become</u>	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	75	offer	يسمح يضيف ينفق ينمو يفتح يمشي يمفوز يعرض يعرض يتذكر يحب	
26	<u>leave</u>	يغادر		remember	يتذكر	
	<u>put</u>	يضع		love	يحب	
	<u>mean</u>	يعني/يقصد		consider		
29	<u>keep</u>	يحتفظ		appear	يظهر	
	<u>let</u>	يترك/يغادر		<u>buy</u>	يشتري	
31	<u>begin</u>	يبدء يَبدو		wait	ينتظر	
	seem	يَبدو		serve	يخدم	
	help	يساعد		die	يموت	
34	talk	يتحدث/يتكلم	84	<u>send</u>	يرسل	
	turn	يَنْعَطِف/يدور	85	expect	يتوقع	
	start	يبدء	86	<u>build</u>	يبني	
	<u>show</u>	يعرض/يبين	87	stay	يظهر يشتري ينتظر يخدم يموت يرسل يرسل يبني يبني يبني يبني يسقط يسقط يقطع يقتل يقتل يقتل يقترح	
	<u>hear</u>	يسمع	88	<u>fall</u>	يسقط	
	play	يلعب	89	cut	يقطع	
	<u>run</u>	يجري	90	reach	يصل	
	move	ينتقل	91	kill	يقتل	
	like	يُحبّذ/يُحِبّ	92	remain	يَبْقى / يَتَبَقّى	
	live	يعيش/يحيي	93	suggest	يقترح	
	believe	يصدق/يؤمن	94	raise	يرفع	
	hold	يمسك	95	pass	يمر	
	<u>bring</u>	يأخذ معه	96	<u>sell</u>	يبيع	
	happen	يحدث	97	require	يتطلب	
	<u>write</u>	يتحدث/يتكلم ينْعَطِف/يدور يبدء ينْعَطِف/يبين يعرض/يبين يلعب ينعب ينتقل ينتقل يعيش/يحي يصدق/يؤمن يمسك يأخذ معه يددث يحدث ينود	98	report	يبيع يتطلب يُبْلغ / يُخْبِر يقرر يقرر يَسْحَب	
49	provide	يزود	99	decide	يقرر	
50	<u>sit</u>	يجلس		pull	يَسْحَب	
			1			

## 

## المضارع البسيط =Present simple

ضمائر الفاعل = Subject Pronouns

أنا=ا, هو= He, هي= She, تلك(جماد,أو حيوان:=It),(أنتَ, أنتَ,أنتما,نتم,أنتنّ:You),نحن =We, (هما,هم,هنّ:=They)

<mark>المضارع البسيط= present simple</mark> يستعمل عند الحديث عن أفعال نقوم بها دائما في العادة.مثال: سائق التاكسي في العادة يسوق التاكسي. أستاذ الإنجلزية في العادة يدرس الإنجلزية. الأرض تدور حول الشمس.

عند تصريف أيّ فعل في المضارع البسيط نقوم بتقسيم الأفعال إلى 4 مجموعات.

المجموعة الأولى هي كل الأفعال التي لا تنتهي بحرف o أو sh أو sh أو x أو y في ال infinitive form.و فعل be و have المجموعة الأولى هي كل الأفعال التي تنتهي ب بحرف o أو sh أو sh أو ss أو x في ال infinitive form.

المجموعة الثالثة الأفعال التي تنتهي ب بحرف y في ال infinitive form.

لمجموعة الرابع هما فعل be و فعل have.

## القاعدة الأولى

عند تصريف أفعال المجموعة الأولى نأخذ الفعل كماهو في ال infinintve form ونضيف إلى آخره حرف s مع ضمائر He, She, it. ونبقي الفعل على حاله مع ضمائر I, You, We, They.

مثال فعل Me, She, it: makes: يصبح: . He, She, it: makes





لتتدرّب قم بتمارين أفعال المجموعة الأولى

## القاعدة الثانية

عند تصريف أفعال المجموعة الثانية نأخذ الفعل كماهو في ال infinintve form ونضيف إلى آخره حرف es مع ضمائر He, She, it. ونبقى الفعل على حاله مع ضمائر I, You, We, They.

مثال فعل go يصبح: : He, She, it: goes و He, She, it: goes





لتتدرّب قم بتمارين أفعال المجموعة الثانية

## القاعدة الثالثة

أفعال المجموعة الثالثة هي مقسمة إلى مجموعتين

المجموعة الأولى هي الأفعال التي تنهي ب (vowl + y)

نقوم بتصرف هاتهي المجموعة بإضانة حرف 5 فقط مع ضمير he,she,it

مثال فعل say يصبح: He, She,It: says وYou, We, They: say





أمّا المجموعة الثانية هي الأفعال التي تنهي ب ( Consonent + y) عند تصريف أفعال هاته المجموعة لمراقبة المجموعة ا

مثال فعل try يصبح: He,She,it: tries و He,She,it





لتتدرّب قم بتمارين أفعال المجموعة الثالثة

أفعال المجموعة الرّابعة هما فعل be, have فقط. عند تصريفهما في المضارع البسيط ليست هنالك قاعدة.

الابدّ من حفضهما مثل المحفوضاط.

تصريف فعل be في المضارع مع <u>i am</u> و مع <u>i am</u> و مع (he,she,it:<u>is</u>) و مع (j,you,we,they:<u>have</u>) و مع (he,she,it: has) و مع (j,you,we,they:<u>have</u>)

لتتدرّب قم بتمارين أفعال المجموعة الرّابعة

```
و نستعمل المضارع البسيط مع الكلمات التالية = Use present simple with following words
            بين الحين والآخر = now and then, عادة = normally , أبدا = never
         نادرا = seldom , نادِرًا = rarely , غالِبا = occasionally , أحيانا =
             هم في العادة يأتون على السّاعة العاشرة = They normally arrive at ten
                           ليس أبدا متأخر أن تتعلم = It is never too late to learn
                                  أنا دائما أمشى إلى العمل = I always walk to work
                          أشعر أحياتًا بالوحدة الشديدة = Sometimes I feel so lonely
                                        غالبا ما أراها هناك = I often see her there
                    نادرا ما نخرج في المساء = We seldom go out in the evenings
                                   أنا أشاهد التلفاز كل يوم = I watch TV every day
```

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فعل do : يستعمل فعل do كفعل أصلي = main verb وترجمته في هاذه الحالة يفعل= do , يعمل = do , يقوم بعمل = do.
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أنا أعمل "أمارس" الرياضة كل أسبوع = I do sports every week
                                        على دائما يقوم بتمارينه المنزلية = Ali always does his homework
                           إذًا أردنا أن نسأل عن القيام بأي فعل في المضارع البسيط فلابد أن نستعمل do كفعل مساعد.
مع he,she,it نستعمل does. و مع i,you,we,the نستعمل do. فعل مساعد يصبح معناه هل= do.
                                                     مل هو يتكلم الإنجلزية ؟ = ?Does he speak english
                                                         هل هي تقرء الكتب؟ = ?Does she <u>read</u> books
                                                    انت تحب الآيس كريم؟ = ?Do you like ice-cream
                                                                       كيف نسأل ونجيب في المضارع البسيط
                                                                         انت تقرأ؟ = ? Do you read
                                                                       فإذا الإجابة ب نعم فتقول: Yes, i do
                                                                    وإذا الإجابة ب لا فتقول : No, i do not
                                                                          هل هو يأكل؟ = ?Does he eat
                                                                 فإذا الإجابة ب نعم فتقول : Yes, he does
                                                               وإذا الإجابة ب لا فتقول : No, he does not
```

infinitive			sent Simple	
	i am, i'm		<u> </u>	
be	He,She, it:	is	You, We, They:	are
have	He,She, it:	has	i,You, We, They:	nave
do	He,She, it:	does	i,You, We, They:	do
say	He,She, it:	says	i,You, We, They:	say
go	He,She, it:	goes	i,You, We, They:	go
get	He,She, it:	gets	i,You, We, They:	get
make	He,She, it:	makes	i,You, We, They:	make
know	He,She, it:	knows	i,You, We, They:	know
think	He,She, it:	thinks	i,You, We, They:	think
take	He,She, it:	takes	i,You, We, They:	take
see	He,She, it:	sees	i,You, We, They:	see
come	He,She, it:	comes	i,You, We, They:	come
want	He,She, it:	wants	i,You, We, They:	want
look	He,She, it:	looks	i,You, We, They:	look
use	He,She, it:	uses	i,You, We, They:	use
find	He,She, it:	finds	i,You, We, They:	find
give	He,She, it:	gives	i,You, We, They:	give
tell	He,She, it:	tells	i,You, We, They:	tell
work	He,She, it:	works	i,You, We, They:	work
call	He,She, it:	calls	i,You, We, They:	call
try	He,She, it:	tries	i,You, We, They:	try
ask	He,She, it:	asks	i,You, We, They:	ask
need	He,She, it:	needs	i,You, We, They:	need
feel	He,She, it:	feels	i,You, We, They:	feel
become	He,She, it:	becomes	i,You, We, They:	become
leave	He,She, it:	leaves	i,You, We, They:	leave
put	He,She, it:	puts	i,You, We, They:	put
mean	He,She, it:	means	i,You, We, They:	mean
keep	He,She, it:	keeps	i,You, We, They:	keep
let	He,She, it:	lets	i,You, We, They:	let
begin	He,She, it:	begins	i,You, We, They:	begin
seem	He,She, it:	seems	i,You, We, They:	seem
help	He,She, it:	helps	i,You, We, They:	help
talk	He,She, it:	talks	i,You, We, They:	talk
turn	He,She, it:	turns	i,You, We, They:	turn
start	He,She, it:	starts	i,You, We, They:	start
show	He,She, it:	shows	i,You, We, They:	show
hear	He,She, it:	hears	i,You, We, They:	hear
play	He,She, it:	plays	i,You, We, They:	play
run	He,She, it:	runs	i,You, We, They:	run
move	He,She, it:	moves	i,You, We, They:	move
like	He,She, it:	likes	i,You, We, They:	like
live	He,She, it:	lives	i,You, We, They:	live
believe	He,She, it:	believes	i,You, We, They:	believe
hold	He,She, it:	holds	i,You, We, They:	hold
	He,She, it:	brings	i,You, We, They:	
bring				bring
happen	He,She, it:	happens writes	i,You, We, They:	happen
write	He,She, it:	provides	i,You, We, They:	write
provide	He,She, it:	Provides	i,You, We, They:	provide

sit	He,She, it:	sits	i,You, We, They:	sit
stand	He,She, it:	stand <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	stand
lose	He,She, it:	lose <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	lose
pay	He,She, it:	pays	i,You, We, They:	pay
meet	He,She, it:	meets	i,You, We, They:	meet
include	He,She, it:	includes	i,You, We, They:	include
continue	He,She, it:	continues	i,You, We, They:	continue
set	He,She, it:	sets	i,You, We, They:	set
learn	He,She, it:	learn <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	learn
change	He,She, it:	changes	i,You, We, They:	change
lead	He,She, it:	lead <mark>s</mark>	i,You, We, They:	lead
understand	He,She, it:	understand <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	understand
watch	He,She, it:	watches	i,You, We, They:	watch
follow	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	follow
stop	He,She, it:	<u> </u>	i,You, We, They:	stop
create	He,She, it:	creates	i,You, We, They:	create
speak	He,She, it:	speak <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	speak
read	He,She, it:	reads	i,You, We, They:	read
allow	He,She, it:	allows	i,You, We, They:	allow
add	He,She, it:	add <mark>s</mark>	i,You, We, They:	add
spend	He,She, it:	spend <mark>s</mark>	i,You, We, They:	spend
grow	He,She, it:	<u> </u>	i,You, We, They:	grow
open	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	open
walk	He,She, it:	walks	i,You, We, They:	walk
win	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	win
offer	He,She, it:	offer <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	offer
remember	He,She, it:	remembers	i,You, We, They:	remember
love	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	love
consider	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	consider
appear	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	appear
buy	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	buy
wait	He,She, it:	waits	i,You, We, They:	wait
serve	He,She, it:	serves	i,You, We, They:	serve
die	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	die
send	He,She, it:	send <mark>s</mark>	i,You, We, They:	send
expect	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	expect
build	He,She, it:	build <b>s</b>	i,You, We, They:	build
stay	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	stay
fall	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	fall
cut	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	cut
reach	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	reach
kill	He,She, it:	kill <mark>s</mark>	i,You, We, They:	kill
remain	He,She, it:	remains	i,You, We, They:	remain
suggest	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	suggest
raise	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	raise
pass	He,She, it:	passes	i,You, We, They:	pass
sell .	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	sell
require	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	require
report	He,She, it:	reports	i,You, We, They:	report
decide	He,She, it:		i,You, We, They:	decide
pull	He,She, it:	pulls	i,You, We, They:	pull

## تمرين عدد 1 عصرف الأفعال التّلية في المضرع البسيط

work = يشتغل	يذهب = go	يحاول = try	يشاهد = watch	
l	l	l	l	
he,she, it:	he,she, it:	he,she, it:	he,she, it:	
we	we	we	we	
you	you	you	you	
they	they	they	they	
	ha	" أكتب مكان النقات: have أو s	تمرين عدد2: "أنا عندي =أنا لدي	
ية = an idea = ق	أنا عنعدي فكر	You an idea =	أنتما لديكما فكرة = an idea	
He an idea =	هو عنده فكرة:	You an idea =	أنتم لديكم فكرة = an idea	
Shean idea	هي عندها فكرة = a	أنتن عندكن فكرة = an idea أنتن عندكن فكرة		

## هم لديهم فكرة = They ....... an idea هم لديهم فكرة = **does** قمرين عدد 3: غير الجمل التالية إلى أسئلة بإستعمال هل = does

هما لديهما فكرة = They ...... an idea

- 1.I have an english book. 11.He has a phone.
- 2. You have a football. 12. She has a lot of mony.
- 3. They have a car. 13. They have right.
- 4.We have a garden. 14. You have wrong.
- 5.He has a syster. 15.I have no experience.
- 6.She Has a brother.

  16. You have all respect for you.
- 7. She has a baby. 17. My father has a new boat.
- 8. You have a good family. 18. Ali has a nice flat.
- 9.we have many horses. 19. Soumaye has a nice bicycle
- 10. They have a swimming pool. 20. The cat has a baby

## تمرين عدد 4: صرف الفعل الموجود بين قوسين في المضارع البسيط وضعه مكان النقات

- 1. I usually ..... (go) to school.
- 2. They ..... (visit) us often.

تلك عنده فكرة = an idea ......

نحن عندنا فكرة = an idea .....

- 3. Tom ..... (work) every day.
- 4. He always .....(tell) us funny stories.
- 5. She never ..... (help) me with that!
- 6. Martha and Kevin .....(swim) twice a week.
- 7. In this club people usually .....(dance) a lot.
- 8. Linda .....(take care) of her sister.
- 9. John rarely ..... (leave) the country.
- 10. We .....(live) in the city most of the year.
- 11. Magda .....(travel) to Paris every Sunday.
- 12. I .....(bake) cookies twice a month.
- 13. You always ..... (teach) me new things.
- 14. She .....(help) the kids of the neighborhood.
- 15. She..... (drive) very well.
- 16. Water ..... (boil) at 100 degrees.
- 17. Water ..... (freeze) at 0 degrees.
- 18. My sister...... (speak) English.

## Present Continuous

## المضارع المتواصل =Present progressive/continuous

ماهو المضارع المتواصل؟ المضارع المتواصل هو زمن الحاضر الآني. أي هو زمن كل لحضة نكونوا فيها. يمكن أن نقول المضارع الآن .

متى نستعمل المضارع المتواصل؟ نستعمل المضارع المتواصل عندما نتحدث

عن فعل نقوم به الآن في اللّحظة التي نحن فيها أو عمل بدأناه و مازلنا لم ننهيه.

كيف نقوم بتصريف الأفعال في المضارع المتواصل؟ المضارع المتواصل هو زمن مركّب من فعل be في المضارع مع إضافة ing إلى آخرالفعل الرّنيسي في أغلب الأحيان.

مثال:

يطبخ = cook	يتحدث = talk	
i am cooking	i <mark>am</mark> talk <mark>ing</mark>	
he is cooking	he is talking	
she is cooking	she <b>is</b> talk <b>ing</b>	
you <mark>are</mark> cook <mark>ing</mark>	you are talking	
they are cooking	they are talking	

يفكر = think	ينتظر = wait
i <b>am</b> think <mark>ing</mark>	i <mark>am</mark> wait <b>ing</b>
he <b>is</b> think <b>ing</b>	he is waiting
she is thinking	she is waiting
you are thinking	you <mark>are</mark> wait <b>ing</b>
they are thinking	they are waiting

هناك بعظ الأفعال نقوم ببعظ التغييرات عنها عند تصريفها في الماضي المتواصل: Spelling changes ing كل الأفعال التي تنتهي بحرف و احد e في ال infinitve form نحذف حرف الe من آخر الفعل ثمّ نظيف being ماعدى فعل be نترك حرف e أي نتكب be

believe ==> believing, bake==> baking, take==> taking, love==> loving

هناك بعظ الأفعال اللّتي تنتهي بحرفي je نحذف حرفي ال je ونغيرهما ب حرف y ثم نظيف ing إلى آخر الفعل مثال: die ==>dying , lie==> lying, tie==>tying

## بعظ الجمل في المضارع المتواصل

مثال: أنا أقراً الإنجليزية الآن = i'm reading english now

هم بصدد بناء بیت جدید = They are building a new house

أنا أتعلم العزف على الجيتار = I'm learning to play the guitar

المعلم بصدد شرح الدرس = The teacher is explaining the lesson

نحن في انتظار الحافلة = We are waiting for the bus

الاطفال نائمون = The children are sleeping

علي وسمير يلعبان التنس الآن = Ali and Samir are playing tennis right now

أنا أتناول الغداء الآن = I'm eating lunch right now

## جمل سلبية في المضارع المتوصل بإستعمال not

انا لا أتناول الغداء الآن = I am not (I'm not) eating lunch right now

هى لا تعمل اليوم = She is not (isn't) working today

They are not (aren't) playing = إنهم لا (لا) يلعبون

We are not (aren't) watching TV right now = نحن لا نشاهد التلفاز الآن

## كيف نسأل في المضارع المتواصل؟ نبدء السآل باستعمال فعل Be في المضارع مع إضافت inq إلى آخر الفعل.

مثال: هل أنت بصدد قراأة كتابا؟ = ?Are you reading a book

هل هي ذاهبة إلى المتجر؟ = ?Is she going to the store

هل أنا أتحدث بسرعة كبيرة؟ = ?Am I talking too fast

هل هم يمزحون؟ = Are they joking

هل انت تنصت؟ = ?Are you listening

infinitive = المصدر Alist of verbs in present continuo		قائمة الأفعال في المضارع المتواصل = uous	
be	ı <b>am, i'm:</b> being,having, doing, saying,		going, getting
be	He,She, it:	is being	You, We, They: are being
have	He,She, it:	is having	You, We, They: are having
do	He,She, it:	is doing	You, We, They: are doing
say	He,She, it:	is saying	You, We, They: are saying
go	He,She, it:	is going	You, We, They: are going
get	He,She, it:	is getting	You, We, They: are getting
make	He,She, it:	is making	You, We, They: are making
know	He,She, it:	is knowing	You, We, They: are knowing
think	He,She, it:	is thinking	You, We, They: are thinking
take	He,She, it:	is taking	You, We, They: are taking
see	He,She, it:	is seeing	You, We, They: are seeing
come	He,She, it:	is coming	You, We, They: are coming
want	He,She, it:	is wanting	You, We, They: are wanting
look	He,She, it:	is looking	You, We, They: are looking
use	He,She, it:	is using	You, We, They: are using
find	He,She, it:	is finding	You, We, They: are finding
give	He,She, it:	is giving	You, We, They: are giving
tell	He,She, it:	is telling	You, We, They: are telling
work	He,She, it:	is working	You, We, They: are working
call	He,She, it:	is calling	You, We, They: are calling
try	He,She, it:	is trying	You, We, They: are trying
ask	He,She, it:	is asking	You, We, They: are asking
need	He,She, it:	is needing	You, We, They: are needing
feel	He,She, it:	is feeling	You, We, They: are feeling
become	He,She, it:	is becoming	You, We, They: are becoming
leave	He,She, it:	is leaving	You, We, They: are leaving
put	He,She, it:	is putting	You, We, They: are putting
mean	He,She, it:	is meaning	You, We, They: are meaning
keep	He,She, it:	is keeping	You, We, They: are keeping
let	He,She, it:	is letting	You, We, They: are letting
begin	He,She, it:	is begining	You, We, They: are begining
seem	He,She, it:	is seeming	You, We, They: are seeming
help	He,She, it:	is helping	You, We, They: are helping
talk	He,She, it:	is talking	You, We, They: are talking
turn	He,She, it:	is turning	You, We, They: are turning
start	He,She, it:	is starting	You, We, They: are starting
show	He,She, it:	is showing	You, We, They: are showing
hear	He,She, it:	is hearing	You, We, They: are hearing
play	He,She, it:	is playing	You, We, They: are playing
run	He,She, it:	is running	You, We, They: are running
move	He,She, it:	is moving	You, We, They: are moving
like	He,She, it:	is liking	You, We, They: are liking
live	He,She, it:	is living	You, We, They: are living
believe	He,She, it:	is believing	You, We, They: are believing
hold	He,She, it:	is holding	You, We, They: are holding
bring	He,She, it:	is bringing	You, We, They: are bringing
happen	He,She, it:	is happening	You, We, They: are happening
write	He,She, it:	is writing	You, We, They: are writing
provide	He,She, it:	is providing	You, We, They: are providing
sit	He,She, it:	is sitting	You, We, They: are sitting
<u> </u>	0,0.10, 10	onang	

stand	He,She, it:	is standing	You, We, They: are standing
lose	He,She, it:	is losing	You, We, They: are losing
pay	He,She, it:	is paying	You, We, They: are paying
meet	He,She, it:	is meeting	You, We, They: are meeting
include	He,She, it:	is including	You, We, They: are including
continue	He,She, it:	is continuing	You, We, They: are continuing
set	He,She, it:	is setting	You, We, They: are setting
learn	He,She, it:	is learning	You, We, They: <b>are</b> learning
change	He,She, it:	is changing	You, We, They: <b>are</b> changing
lead	He,She, it:	is leading	You, We, They: <b>are</b> leading
understand	He,She, it:	is understanding	You, We, They: <b>are</b> understanding
watch	He,She, it:	is watching	You, We, They: <b>are</b> watching
follow	He,She, it:	is following	You, We, They: <b>are</b> following
stop	He,She, it:	is stopping	You, We, They: <b>are</b> stopping
create	He,She, it:	is creating	You, We, They: <b>are</b> creating
speak	He,She, it:	is speaking	You, We, They: <b>are</b> speaking
read	He,She, it:	is reading	You, We, They: <b>are</b> reading
allow	He,She, it:	is allowing	You, We, They: <b>are</b> allowing
add	He,She, it:	is adding	You, We, They: are adding
spend	He,She, it:	is spending	You, We, They: are spending
grow	He,She, it:	is growing	You, We, They: are growing
open	He,She, it:	is opening	You, We, They: are opening
walk	He,She, it:	is walking	You, We, They: are walking
win	He,She, it:	is winning	You, We, They: are winning
offer	He,She, it:	is offering	You, We, They: are offering
remember	He,She, it:	is remembering	You, We, They: are remembering
love	He,She, it:	is loving	You, We, They: are loving
consider	He,She, it:	is considering	You, We, They: are considering
appear	He,She, it:	is appearing	You, We, They: <b>are</b> appearing
buy	He,She, it:	is buying	You, We, They: are buying
wait	He,She, it:	is waiting	You, We, They: are waiting
serve	He,She, it:	is serving	You, We, They: are serving
die	He,She, it:	is dying	You, We, They: are dying
send	He,She, it:	is sending	You, We, They: are sending
expect	He,She, it:	is expecting	You, We, They: are expecting
build	He,She, it: He,She, it:	is building	You, We, They: are building
stay fall	He,She, it:	is staying	You, We, They: <b>are</b> staying You, We, They: <b>are</b> falling
		is falling is cutting	
cut reach	He,She, it: He,She, it:	Ü	You, We, They: are cutting
kill	He,She, it:	is reaching	You, We, They: are reaching
remain	He,She, it:	is killing	You, We, They: <b>are</b> killing You, We, They: <b>are</b> remaining
	He,She, it:	is remaining	
suggest raise	He,She, it:	is suggesting is raising	You, We, They: <b>are</b> suggesting You, We, They: <b>are</b> raising
pass	He,She, it:	is passing	You, We, They: are passing
sell	He,She, it:	is selling	You, We, They: are selling
require	He,She, it:	is requiring	You, We, They: are requiring
report	He,She, it:	is requiring	You, We, They: are requiring
decide	He,She, it:	is deciding	You, We, They: are deciding
pull	He,She, it:	is pulling	You, We, They: are deciding
Pull	1 10,011 <del>0</del> , It.	- punny	roa, vvo, rricy. are pulling

## تمرين عدد 1: صرّف الأفعال التّلية في المضرع المتواصل

یشعر = feel	use = يستخدم	get = يستخدم	يكون = be
l	l	l	l
He, she, it:	He, she, it:	He, she, it:	He, she, it:
we	we	we	we
You	You	You	You
they	they	they	they

تمرين عدد 2: صرف الفعل الموجود بين فوسين في المصارع المتواصل و صعه مكان النفاط
The children in the house. (play)
The cat in the tree house.(hide)
Andy and Joe home.(come)
I on the sofa.(sit)
Our dog on the floor.(lie)
Robert and Mark e-mails.(write)
They to the radio.(listen)
He two slices from the loaf of bread.(cut)
The sun(shine)
My mother breakfast now.(make)
We a text. (read)
He on the phone. (talk)
The cat on the sofa. (sleep)
They the table. (clean)
My dad for the bus. (wait)
I a glass of water. (drink)
We along the beach. (walk)
She videos on her phone. (watch)
Iin the kitchen. ( help)
The lady a T-shirt. (wear)
They to the park. (run)
His mum photos. (take)
We frisbee. (play)
She breakfast. (make)
My brother on the floor. (sit)
I a sandwich. (buy)
He a friend. (phone)
John in a plane. (fly)
They Olivia to their party. (invite)
lan a shower. (have)
تمرين عدد 3:صرف فعل be في المضارع البصيط و ضعه مكان النقاط وكون السؤال في المضارع المتواصل
the sun shining?
you painting the house?
• •
I studying English?
we buying food?
the children playing?
Nora running?
they coming soon?
I cutting the tree?
my brother watching TV?
it raining now?
•

## Past Control of the c

## الماضى البسيط = Simple Past

القاعد العامة نستعمل الماضي البسيط past simple عند الحديث عن أفعال قَمنا بها في الماضى وإنتها الفعل و الزّمن.

مثال: البارحة رأيت على = Yesterday i saw Ali

عند تصريف الأفعال في الماضي البسيط تُقسّم الأفعال إلى قسمين. .

القسم الأول يسمّى: الأفعال الّتي تخضع إلى القاعدة = regular verbs

أما البزء الثاني يسمى: الأفعال الّتي لا تخضع إلى القاعدة = irregular verbs.

عند تصريف أحد أفاعل المجموعة الأولى regular verbs في الماضي البسيط نتبع القاعدة التالية.

نأخذ الفعل كماهو في أصله = infinitive و نضيف ed إلى آخر الفعل وإذا كان الفعل ينتهي ب e نضيف d فقط. هناك بعظ الأفعال تنهي ب consonet + y نحذف ال y من آخر الفعل ونضيف ied إلى آخر الفعل

وهناك بعظ الأفعال تنتهى vowl + consonet ويكون نطق هذا الvowl قصير نضاعف الدرف الأخير ثمّ نضيف ed

مثال كيف نصرَف الأفعال التي تخظع إلى القاعدة = regular verbs

want = أراد	شاهد = watch	غير = chang <u>e</u>
I wanted	I watched	I changed
He wanted	He watched	He changed
She wanted	She watched	She changed
It wanted	It watched	It changed
You wanted	You watched	You changed
We wanted	We watched	We changed
They wanted	They watched	They changed
•		
عاول = t <u>ry</u>	ب <u>في</u> = st <u>a</u> y	اوقف = stop
t <u>ry</u> = حاول tri <mark>ed</mark>	بفي = st <u>ay</u> I stay <mark>ed</mark>	اوقف stop = اوقف
l tried	I stayed	I stop <b>ped</b>
I tr <mark>ied</mark> He tr <b>ied</b>	I stayed He stayed	I stopped He stopped
I tried He tried She tried	I stayed He stayed She stayed	I stopped He stopped She stopped
I tried He tried She tried It tried	I stayed He stayed She stayed It stayed	I stopped He stopped She stopped It stopped

مساء أمس أنا شاهدت التلفاز = Yesterday evening I watched TV

عندما أنا كنت طفلاً،أنا أردت أن أصبح محاميًا =When I was a child, I wanted to be a lawyer كان الجو حارًا في الغرفة، لذا أنا فتحت النافذة = It was hot in the room, so I opened the window كان الجو حارًا في الغرفة، لذا أنا فتحت النافذة = irrigular verbs تحفضها مثل المحفوضات.

هاته الجموعة هي ليست كثيرة في العدد. في القائمة تجد تحتها سطر ومكتوبة بالغليض.

be = کان	have = إمتك	write = کتب
l was	l had	I wrote
He was	He had	He wrote
She was	She had	She wrote
It was	It had	It wrote
You were	You had	You wrote
We were	We had	We wrote
They were	They had	They wrote

نحن ذهبنا إلى السينما يوم الأحد الماضي = We went to the cinema last Sunday في العام الماضي هم اشتروا سيارة جديدة = Last year they bought a new car نحن قمنا بالتسوق يوم الاثنين الماضي = We did our shopping last Monday هم نَدَهوا إلى القيروان بالأمس = They drove to Kairouan yesturday كيف نسأل ونجيب في الماضى عن إذا قمنا فعل أم لا

هل هي فتحت النّافذة؟ =?Did she open the window

يمكن أن نجيب: نعم هي فعلت .Yes she did. أو نجيب: لا هي لم تفعل No she didn't

هل أن نمت جيدا؟=?Did you sleep well

يمكن أن نجيب: نعم فعلت .Yes I did. أو نجيب: لا لم أفعل No I didn't

infinitive	Simple Past
<u>be</u>	i,He,She, it: was
be	You,We, They: were
have	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: had
do	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: did
say	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: said
go	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: went
get	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: got
make	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: made
know	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: knew
think	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: thought
take	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: took
see	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: saw
come	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: came
want	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: wanted
look	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: looked
use	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: used
find	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: <u>found</u>
give	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: gave
tell	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: told
work	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: worked
call	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: called
try	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: tried
ask	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: asked
need	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: needed
feel	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: felt
become	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: became
leave	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: left
put	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: put
mean	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: meant
keep	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: kept
let	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: kept i,He,She, it, You,We, They: let
begin	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: began
seem	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: seemed
help	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: helped
talk	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: talked
turn	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: turned
start	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: started
show	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: showed
<u>hear</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: heard
play	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: played
<u>run</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: ran
move	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: moved
like	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: liked
live	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: lived
believe	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: believed
<u>hold</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: held
bring	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: brought
happen	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: happened
<u>write</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: wrote
provide	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: provided
<u>sit</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: sat

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<u>stand</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: stood
lose	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: lost
<u>pay</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: paid
<u>meet</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: met
include	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: included
continue	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: continued
<u>set</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: set
<u>learn</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: learnt/learned
change	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: changed
<u>lead</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: <u>led</u>
understand	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: understood
watch	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: watched
follow	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: followed
stop	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: stopped
create	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: created
<u>speak</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: spoke
read	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: read
allow	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: allowed
add	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: added
<u>spend</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: spent
grow	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: grew
open	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: opened
walk	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: walked
<u>win</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: won
offer	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: offered
remember	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: remembered
love	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: loved
consider	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: considered
appear	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: appeared
buy	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: bought
wait	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: waited
serve	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: served
die	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: died
send	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: sent
expect	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: expected
build	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: built
stay	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: stayed
<u>fall</u>	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: fell
cut	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: cut
reach	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: reached
kill	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: killed
remain	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: remained
suggest	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: suggested
raise	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: raised
pass	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: passed
sell	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: sold
require	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: required
report	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: reported
decide	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: decided
pull	i,He,She, it, You,We, They: pulled
<u>'</u>	, , , , , -, - <b>,</b> - <b>,</b> - <b>,</b> -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,

## التمرين عدد 1: صرف الأفعال التالية في الماضي البسيط مع: He, She, It, We, You, They

Infinitive	Past simple		
divide	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
donate	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
use	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
want	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		

want I,ne,sne,it,you,we,tney:
تمرين عدد2: صرف الأفعال اللتي بين قوسين في الماضي  البسيط وظعها مكان النيقات
1.we home after the show (walk)
2.They me to go and see them. (ask)
3.For a moment my courage me. <b>(fail)</b>
4. He to do so till his death. <b>(continue)</b>
5. She full into his face. <b>(look)</b>
6. Then she in her mother's room. (appear)
7. Itto reach us, but could not. <b>(try)</b>
8. But shetoo late for this. (arrive)
9. Ifor a moment or two. <b>(wait)</b>
10. Heto him to stop a moment. (call)
11. Her fatherthrough the door again. (call)
12. Itto have done its work. (seem)
13. Ithem with my eyes through the crowd. (follow)
14. Heto his country andthere. (return) (die)
15. Wethe whole of the next day in the same place. (pass)
تمرين عدد3: حول الجمل التالية إلى أسئلةً في المَّاضي البسيط
1) They <b>climbed</b> the mountain yesterday.
the mountain yesterday?
2) He <b>decided</b> to leave his job last week.
to leave his job last week?
3) She <b>earned</b> a lot of money in London last year.
a lot of money in London last year?
4) I <b>enjoyed</b> the wedding on Sunday.
the wedding on Sunday?
5) It <b>happened</b> late last night.
late last night?
6) They <b>rented</b> a car on holiday last summer.
a car on holiday last summer?
7) Philo Farnsworth <b>invented</b> the television in 1927.
the television in 1927?
8) We <b>listened</b> to the concert on the radio yesterday evening.
to the concert on the radio yesterday evening?
9) John and Mary worked together when they were younger.
together when they were younger?
10) I <b>received</b> a nice letter from Aunt Jane this morning.
a nice letter from Aunt Jane this morning?

## التمرين عدد4: صرف الأفعال التالية في الماضي البسيط مع: He, She, It, We, You, They

Infinitive	Past simple		
be	i,he,she,it:		
be	you,we,they		
have	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
come	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
do	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
say	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
speak	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
forget	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
give	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
go	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		
write	i,he,she,it,you,we,they:		

التمرين عدد5: صرف الأفعال التي بين قوسين إلى past simple وأتمم الجمل

- 1. I ......(come) to England in 1993.
- 2. She...... (stand) under the tree to shelter from the rain.
- 3. They..... (do) their homework yesterday.
- 4. We ...... (sing) too much last night. I have a sore throat!
- 5. He already ...... (eat) all the cake.
- 6. The child ...... (fall) off his bicycle.
- 7. It ...... (take) three hours to drive to Paris.
- 8. I ...... (find) your keys under the table.
- 9. She ...... (get) a new bike for her birthday.
- 10. She..... (sell) her house last year.
- 11. We ...... (go) to New York in January.
- 12. Finally, my mother...... (let) me go to a party.
- 13. It ..... (be) cold last night.
- 14. I ...... (meet) John at the weekend.
- 15. Lucy...... (pay) the bill, before leaving the restaurant.
- 16. We..... (see) the new film yesterday.
- 17. She..... (wear) her new coat to the party.
- 18. I ....... (think) my football team would win.
- 19. They..... (put) their bags in the bedroom.
- 20. Billy ..... (run) after the bus.
- 21. I .....(give) my mother a CD for Christmas.
- 22. At the age of 23, she .....(become) a doctor.
- 23. I .....(know) the answer yesterday.
- 24. He .....(tell) me that he lived in Toronto.
- 25.We .....(lend) John £200.
- 26. She .....(drink) too much coffee yesterday.
- 27. The children .....(sleep) in the car.
- 28. He .....(keep) his promise.
- 29. I .....(choose) the steak for dinner.
- 30. The film .....(**begin**) late.
- 31. We .....(fly) to Sydney.

## Past

## Continuous

## الماضي المتواصل =The Past continuous

الماضي المتواصل هو زمن في الماضي مركّب من فعل be في الماضي البسيط والفعل الرّنيسي في ال infinitive مع ال ing. عند تصريف أغلب أفعال هاتهي المجموعة نصرّف فعل be في الماضي البسيط ثمّ نضيف ing إلى آخر الفعل. مثال:

يطبخ = cook	یتحدث = talk	يفكر = think	wait = ينتظر
i was cooking	i was talking	i was think <mark>ing</mark>	i was waiting
he was cooking	he was talking	he was thinking	he was waiting
she was cooking	she was talking	she was thinking	she was waiting
you were cooking	you were talking	you were thinking	you were thinking
we were cooking	we were talking	we were thinking	we were waiting
they were cooking	they were talking	they were thinking	they were waiting

هناك بعظ الأفعال نقوم ببعظ التغييرات عنها عند تصريفها في الماضي المتواصل: Spelling changes ing كل الأفعال التي تنتهي بحرف <u>واحد</u> e في ال infinitve form نحذف حرف الe من آخر الفعل ثمّ نظيف be ماعدى فعل be نترك حرف e أي نتكب be ماعدى فعل

believe ==> believing, bake==> baking, take==> taking, love==> loving

هناك بعظ الأفعال اللّتي تنتهي بحرفي je نحذف حرفي ال je ونغيرهما بحرف y ثم نظيف ing إلى آخر الفعل مثاك: die ==>dying , lie==> lying, tie==>tying

إذى كان الفعل ينتهي ب (consonant + vowel + consonant) نظاعف الحرف الأخير في الفعل "short vowl" إلى آخر الفعل ماعدى الفعل التنتهي ب حرف w أو x أو y نظيف فقط ing إلى آخر الفعل. "short vowl" أو x نظيف فقط ing إلى آخر الفعل. "short vowl" (sit==> sitting , fit==> fitting , fix==> fixing , blow==> blowing , play ==> playing مثال: sit==> sitting , fit==> fitting , fix==> fixing , blow==> blowing , play ==> playing نستعمل الماضي المتواصل في حالات متعددة

الحالة الأولى: عندما نربد الحديث عن عمل قمنا به في الماضي عند زمن محدد.

Yesterday at 6 am I was reviewing my lessons=مثال: البارحة عند الساعة 6 صباحا كنت أراجع دروسي
At midnight, we were still driving through the desert =

عند منتصف الليل، كنا لا نزال نقودالسيارة عبر الصحراء

مثال:

الحالة الثانية :التي نستعمل فيها الماضي المتواصل هي:

عندما يكون هناك فعل أول قائم ويقع فعل ثاني وينتهي هذا الفعل الثاني بينما مازال الفعل الأول متواصل

الاحظ أنَّ الفعل الأول أي الفعل القانم يقع تصريفه في الماضي المتواصل أمَّا الفعل الثاني يقع تصريفه في الماضي البسيط

i was watching TV when you called me = مثال: كنت أشاهد التلفاز عندما هاتفتني i was eating my lunch when Saleh came = كنت أتناول غدائي لما جاء صالح.

هم كانوا ناميين لمّا أنا جِأت = They were sleeping when I arrived

الحالة الثالثة: التي نستعمل فيها الماضي المتواصل هي: لما نتحدث عن فعلين أو أكثر وقعوا في نفس الوقة.

When I was watching the football match, my sister was listening to music on the radio =

عندما كنت أشاهد مباراة كرة القدم كانت أختى تستمع إلى الموسقة في المذياع.

الحالة الرابعة: التي نستعمل فيها الماضي المتواصل هي: لما نريد أن نعطي فكرة عن عمل ما كان يتكر بإستمرار وهو مقلق

وذاك بإستعمال كلمات مثل "دائما = always " وكلمة " باستِمرار = constantly"

هي كانت دائما تأتي إلى القسم متأخرة = She was always coming to class late

هو كان يتكلم بإستمرار فيزعج كل واحد =.He was constantly talking. He annoyed everyone

كيف نبني الجمل السلبية في الماضي المتواصل.

Long form	Short form
I was not playing football when He came.	I wasn't playing football when He came.
He, She, It: was not playing football when I came.	He wasn't playing football when I came.
We were not playing football when my father came.	We weren't playing football when my father came.

إذا أردنا أن نسأل في ال past continuous عن القيام بفعل ما نبدء الستوال ب was أو were you listening while he was talking? هل أنت كنت تستمع لمّا هو كان يتحدث؟ =?What were you doing while you were waiting ماذا أت كنت تفعل عندما كنت تنتظر؟=

infinitive	Pas	t progressive/co	تواصل = ntinuous	الماضي الم
<u>be</u>	i,He,She, it: was	being	You, We, They:	were being
have	i,He,She, it: was	having	You, We, They:	were having
do	i,He,She, it: was	doing	You, We, They:	were doing
<u>say</u>	i,He,She, it: was	saying	You, We, They:	were saying
go	i,He,She, it: was	going	You, We, They:	were going
get	i,He,She, it: was	getting	You, We, They:	were getting
<u>make</u>	i,He,She, it: was	making	You, We, They:	were making
know	i,He,She, it: was	knowing	You, We, They:	were knowing
<u>think</u>	i,He,She, it: was	thinking	You, We, They:	were thinking
take_	i,He,She, it: was	taking	You, We, They:	were taking
<u>see</u>	i,He,She, it: was	seeing	You, We, They:	were seeing
<u>come</u>	i,He,She, it: was	coming	You, We, They:	were coming
want	i,He,She, it: was	wanting	You, We, They:	were wanting
look	i,He,She, it: was	looking	You, We, They:	were looking
use	i,He,She, it: was	using	You, We, They:	were using
<u>find</u>	i,He,She, it: was	finding	You, We, They:	were finding
<u>give</u>	i,He,She, it: was	giving	You, We, They:	were giving
<u>tell</u>	i,He,She, it: was	telling	You, We, They:	were telling
work	i,He,She, it: was	working	You, We, They:	were working
call	i,He,She, it: was	calling	You, We, They:	were calling
try	i,He,She, it: was	trying	You, We, They:	were trying
ask	i,He,She, it: was	asking	You, We, They:	were asking
need	i,He,She, it: was	needing	You, We, They:	were needing
<u>feel</u>	i,He,She, it: was	feeling	You, We, They:	were feeling
<u>become</u>	i,He,She, it: was	becoming	You, We, They:	were becoming
<u>leave</u>	i,He,She, it: was	leaving	You, We, They:	were leaving
<u>put</u>	i,He,She, it: was	putting	You, We, They:	were putting
<u>mean</u>	i,He,She, it: was	meaning	You, We, They:	were meaning
<u>keep</u>	i,He,She, it: was	keeping	You, We, They:	were keeping
<u>let</u>	i,He,She, it: was	letting	You, We, They:	were letting
<u>begin</u>	i,He,She, it: was	begining	You, We, They:	were begining
seem	i,He,She, it: was	seeming	You, We, They:	were seeming
help	i,He,She, it: was	helping	You, We, They:	were helping
talk	i,He,She, it: was	talking	You, We, They:	were talking
turn	i,He,She, it: was	turning	You, We, They:	were turning
start	i,He,She, it: was	starting	You, We, They:	were starting
<u>show</u>	i,He,She, it: was	showing	You, We, They:	were showing
<u>hear</u>	i,He,She, it: was	hearing	You, We, They:	were hearing
play	i,He,She, it: was	playing	You, We, They:	were playing
<u>run</u>	i,He,She, it: was	running	You, We, They:	were running
move	i,He,She, it: was	moving	You, We, They:	were moving
like	i,He,She, it: was	liking	You, We, They:	were liking
live	i,He,She, it: was	living	You, We, They:	were living
believe	i,He,She, it: was	believing	You, We, They:	were believing
<u>hold</u>	i,He,She, it: was	holding	You, We, They:	were holding
<u>bring</u>	i,He,She, it: was	bringing	You, We, They:	were bringing
happen	i,He,She, it: was	happening	You, We, They:	were happening
<u>write</u>	i,He,She, it: was	writing	You, We, They:	were writing
provide	i,He,She, it: was	providing	You, We, They:	were providing
<u>sit</u>	i,He,She, it: was	sitting	You, We, They:	were sitting

<u>stand</u>	i,He,She, it: was	standing	You, We, They:	were standing
lose	i,He,She, it: was	losing	You, We, They:	were losing
pay	i,He,She, it: was	paying	You, We, They:	were paying
meet	i,He,She, it: was	meeting	You, We, They:	were meeting
include	i,He,She, it: was	including	You, We, They:	were including
continue	i,He,She, it: was	continuing	You, We, They:	were continuing
set	i,He,She, it: was	setting	You, We, They:	were setting
learn	i,He,She, it: was	learning	You, We, They:	were learning
change	i,He,She, it: was	changing	You, We, They:	were changing
<u>lead</u>	i,He,She, it: was	leading	You, We, They:	were leading
understand	i,He,She, it: was	understanding	You, We, They:	were understanding
watch	i,He,She, it: was	watching	You, We, They:	were watching
follow	i,He,She, it: was	following	You, We, They:	were following
stop	i,He,She, it: was	stopping	You, We, They:	were stopping
create	i,He,She, it: was	creating	You, We, They:	were creating
<u>speak</u>	i,He,She, it: was	speaking	You, We, They:	were speaking
<u>read</u>	i,He,She, it: was	reading	You, We, They:	were reading
allow	i,He,She, it: was	allowing	You, We, They:	were allowing
add	i,He,She, it: was	adding	You, We, They:	were adding
<u>spend</u>	i,He,She, it: was	spending	You, We, They:	were spending
<u>grow</u>	i,He,She, it: was	growing	You, We, They:	were growing
open	i,He,She, it: was	opening	You, We, They:	were opening
walk	i,He,She, it: was	walking	You, We, They:	were walking
<u>win</u>	i,He,She, it: was	winning	You, We, They:	were winning
offer	i,He,She, it: was	offering	You, We, They:	were offering
remember	i,He,She, it: was	remembering	You, We, They:	were remembering
love	i,He,She, it: was	loving	You, We, They:	were loving
consider	i,He,She, it: was	considering	You, We, They:	were considering
appear	i,He,She, it: was	appearing	You, We, They:	were appearing
<u>buy</u>	i,He,She, it: was	buying	You, We, They:	were buying
wait	i,He,She, it: was	waiting	You, We, They:	were waiting
serve	i,He,She, it: was	serving	You, We, They:	were serving
die	i,He,She, it: was	dying	You, We, They:	were dying
<u>send</u>	i,He,She, it: was	sending	You, We, They:	were sending
expect	i,He,She, it: was	expecting	You, We, They:	were expecting
<u>build</u>	i,He,She, it: was	building	You, We, They:	were building
stay	i,He,She, it: was	staying	You, We, They:	were staying
<u>fall</u>	i,He,She, it: was	falling	You, We, They:	were falling
cut	i,He,She, it: was	cutting	You, We, They:	were cutting
reach	i,He,She, it: was	reaching	You, We, They:	were reaching
kill	i,He,She, it: was	killing	You, We, They:	were killing
remain	i,He,She, it: was	remaining	You, We, They:	were remaining
suggest	i,He,She, it: was	suggesting	You, We, They:	were suggesting
raise	i,He,She, it: was	raising	You, We, They:	were raising
pass	i,He,She, it: was	passing	You, We, They:	were passing
sell_	i,He,She, it: was	selling	You, We, They:	were selling
require	i,He,She, it: was	requiring	You, We, They:	were requiring
report	i,He,She, it: was	reporting	You, We, They:	were reporting
decide	i,He,She, it: <b>was</b> i,He,She, it: <b>was</b>	deciding	You, We, They:	were deciding
pull	1,1 15,0115, IL. Was	pulling	You, We, They:	were pulling

## التمرين عد1: صرف الأفعال التالية في الماضي المتواصل مع: I, He, She, it, We, You, They

make	speak
do	cry
lie	trust
go	drink
	talk

## التمرين عد2: صرف الفعل الذي بين قوسين في الماضي المتواصل وأتمم الجملة

اسرين دي عرب اسن الي بين موسين مي المعلى
1. They (walk) towards the market.
2. Raju (play) with his dogs.
3. Uncle (repair) his radio.
4. Suma (wait) for the bus.
5. The dogs ( <b>chase</b> ) the cat.
6. I ( <b>get</b> ) anxious.
7. It ( <b>go</b> ) to rain.
8. I (sleep) when the lights went out.
9. You (work) in Mumbai at that time.
10. The child (cry) because he was scared.
11. The spider (weave) his web.
12. The girls ( <b>practice</b> ) the piano.
13. The carpenter (make) a table.
14. The wind (blow) fiercely.
15. The fire (burn) brightly.
16. He( write) an article when she was sleeping.
التمرين عدد 3: صرف الفعل الموجود بين قوسين في الماضي المتواصل وكون أسئلة
1 You ( sleep) when he called you?
2 you(laugh) when she(talk)?
3 She( <b>burn)</b> the fire?
4 she(stand) at the door?
5 People( wait) for me?
6 You( work) all day yesturday?
7 Jimmy(broadcast) the news?
8 You( quarrel) with your brother?
9you( prepare) for the final exam?
10 they(talk) to you when I came?

## Present

## Perfect

## المضارع التام البسيط = Present Perfect simple

مامعنى المضارع التام البسيط؟ المضارع التام البسيط هو زمن مضارع في الوقة أي أن الزمن الذي قمنا فيه بالفعل مازال لم ينتهي . أمّا الفعل يكون قد تمّ وإنتها. مثال: اليوم زرت عمّتي = Today I have visited my aunt اليوم هو زمن مضارع و متواصل أمّا فعل الزّيارة قد تمّ وإنتها.

يتكون المضارع التام من فعلين فعل مساعد في المضارع وهو فعل have و الفعل الرئيس الذي قمنا به يكون في ال past participle. يمكن أن نقول أنّ ال past participle هو مصدر الفعل في الماضي. أي أنّنا لا نستطيع إستعمال فعل في ال past participle لوحده في النّص.أي لابدّ أن يكون هناك فعل مساعد.

كما ذكرن سابقا في درس الماضي البسيط أنّ الأفعال الإنجليزية هي مقسّمة إلى regular verbs و regular verbs. الأفعال الإنجليزية هي مقسّمة إلى past participle و تخضع إلى القاعدة regular لها نفس ال past simple و ال past participle و تخضع إلى الماضي البسيط. إلى نفس القاعدة عند تغيير فعل ما من ال infinitive إلى ال past participle أمّا الأفعال التي لا تخضع إلى القاعدة rregular verbs عليك أن تحفضها مثل المحوضات من قائمة الأفعال في الصّفحة الآتية.

مثال تصريف بعظ الأفعال التي تخضع القاعدة regular verbs في present perfect

أراد = want	شاهد = watch	غير = chang <u>e</u>
I have wanted	I have watched	I have changed
He has wanted	He has watched	He has changed
She has wanted	She has watched	She has changed
It has wanted	It has watched	It has changed
You have wanted	You have watched	You have changed
		We have changed
They have wanted	They have watched	They have changed

حاول = t <u>ry</u>	بقي = st <mark>a</mark> y	أوقف = stop
I have tried	I have stayed	I have stopped
He has tried	He has stayed	He has stopped
She has tried	She has stayed	She has stopped
It has tried	It has stayed	It has stopped
You have tried	You have stayed	You have stopped
We have tried	We have stayed	We have stopped
They have tried	They have stayed	They have stopped

تصريف بعظ الأفعال التي لا تخضع ل القاعدة irrugular verbs في present perfect

be = کان	have = إمتك	write = کتب	take = أخذ
I have been	I have had	I have wrote	l have taken
He has been	He has had	He has wrote	He has taken
She has been	She has had	She has wrote	She has taken
It has been	It has had	It has wrote	It has taken
You have been	You have had	You have wrote	You have taken
We have been	We have had	We have wrote	We have taken
They have been	They have had	They have wrote	They have taken

## بعظ الجمل كيف نستعمل المضارع التام البسيط

لقد كنت مشغولا جدا هذا الأسبوع = l've been very busy this week

لقد أنفقنا الكثير من المال هذا الشهر = .We've spent a lot of money this month

لقد درس الكثير هذا العام =.He has studied a lot this year

لقد غيرت السكن مرتين هذا العام =!l've moved house twice this year

لقد أمطرت كثيرا هذا الشهر = It has rained a lot this month

بعظ الجمل نقارن فيها بين ال past simple و الpresent perfect حتى نفهم متى نستعمل كلّ منهما. إنتبه إلى الفرق في الزّمن

في ال <u>past simple</u>: أنا رأيت على البارحة = past simple:

في ال present perfect: أنا رأيت على اليوم = present perfect:

في ال past simple: أنا زرت باريس السنة الماضية = past simple:

في ال present perfect: أنا زرت باريس هاته السنة = present perfect: أنا زرت باريس

قائمة الأفعال في ال infinitive و ال past simple و past participle

infinitive	Past simple	المعلق في ال Infinitive و St Simple المعلق في الم	
<u>be</u>	were/was	been	يكون
have_	had	had	<u>۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ </u>
do	did	done	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
say	said	said	<u>۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ </u>
go	went	gone	<u>۔ رو۔</u> بذهب
get	got	got /gotten	يمدب تحصل
make	made	made	يَّذَهْب تحصل يصنع يعرف يفكر يفكر يأخذ
know	knew	known	يىرە <u>ت</u> يىوف
think	thought	thought	<u>ی</u> وری ىفک
take	took	taken	يدر رأخذ
see	saw	seen	
come	came	come	ير <i>ى</i> يأتي
want	wanted	wanted	
look	looked	looked	یرید ینظر
use	used	used	ینطر یستخدم
find_	found	found	, ,
		given	یجد مام
give	gave		يعطي
<u>tell</u> work	told worked	told worked	يقول/يخبر
			يعمل
call	called	called	یناد <i>ي/</i> یتّصل ، .
try	tried	tried	يحاول ئ
ask	asked	asked	يسأل
need	needed	needed	يحتاج
<u>feel</u>	<u>felt</u>	<u>felt</u>	يشعر
<u>become</u>	<u>became</u>	<u>become</u>	يصبح
<u>leave</u>	<u>left</u>	<u>left</u>	يغادر
<u>put</u>	<u>put</u>	<u>put</u>	يضع
<u>mean</u>	<u>meant</u>	<u>meant</u>	يعنى/يقصد
<u>keep</u>	<u>kept</u>	<u>kept</u>	يحتفظ
<u>let</u>	<u>let</u>	<u>let</u>	يترك/يغادر
<u>begin</u>	<u>began</u>	<u>begun</u>	يبدء
seem	seemed	seemed	يَبدو
help	helped	helped	يساعد
talk	talked	talked	يتحدث/يتكلم
turn	turned	turned	يَنْعَطِف/يدور
start	started	started	يبدء
<u>show</u>	<u>showed</u>	<u>shown</u>	يعرض/يبين
<u>hear</u>	<u>heard</u>	<u>heard</u>	يسمع يلعب يجري ينتقل يُحبّذ/يُحِبّ يعيش/يحيي
play	played	played	يلعب
<u>run</u>	<u>ran</u>	run	يجري
move	moved	moved	ينتقل
like	liked	liked	يُحبّذ/يُحِبّ
live	lived	lived	<u>ی</u> یعیش/یحی
believe	believed	believed	ي يا قاطية يصدق/يؤمن
hold	held	held	يمسك
bring	brought	brought	<u> </u>
happen	happened	happened	
write_	wrote	<u>written</u>	يحدث يكتب
provide	provided	provided	نەد
<u>sit</u>	sat	sat_	 يزود يجلس
<del></del>		<del></del>	بالمناس

20

stand	stood	stood	يقف
lose	lost	lost	يخسر
pay	paid	paid	يخسر يدفع
meet	met	met	يقابل
include	included	included	یشمل
continue	continued	continued	یکمل
<u>set</u>	set	set	۔ تعیین/یُحَدِّد یتعلم
learn	learnt/learned	learnt/learned	يتعلم
change	changed	changed	يتغير
<u>lead</u>	led	led	يقود
understand	understood	understood	يفهم
watch	watched	watched	يشاهد
follow	followed	followed	
stop	stopped	stopped	يتبع يقف
create	created	created	ــ يخلق/يصنع يتكلم يقرأ
<u>speak</u>	<u>spoke</u>	<u>spoken</u>	يتكلم
read	read	read	يقرأ
allow	allowed	allowed	يسمح
add	added	added	يضيف
spend	spent	spent	يسمح يضيف ينفق
grow	grew	grown	ينمو
open	opened	opened	يفتح
walk	walked	walked	یمشی
<u>win</u>	won	won	ينمو يفتح يمشي يفوز يعرض يتذكر
offer	offered	offered	يعرض
remember	remembered	remembered	یتذکر پتذکر
love	loved	loved	يحب
consider	considered	considered	يعتبر
appear	appeared	appeared	يظهر
<u>buy</u>	bought	bought	يشتري
wait	waited	waited	ينتظر
serve	served	served	يخدم
die	died	died	يموت
<u>send</u>	<u>sent</u>	<u>sent</u>	<i>دسا</i> ،
expect	expected	expected	یر ی یتوقع 
build	<u>built</u>	<u>built</u>	یبنی
stay	stayed	stayed	یبنی یَبْقَ/یَمْکُث یسقط
<u>fall</u>	<u>fell</u>	<u>fallen</u>	يسقط
cut	cut	cut	يقطع
reach	reached	reached	يصل يقتل يقتل
kill	killed	killed	يقتل
remain	remained	remained	يَبْقى / يَتَبَقّى
suggest	suggested	suggested	يقترح
raise	raised	raised	يقترح يرفع
pass	passed	passed	يمر
sell	sold	sold	
require	required	required	يبيع يتطلب
report	reported	reported	۔ يُبْلغ / يُخْبر
decide	decided	decided	يُبْلغ / يُخْبِر يقرر يَسْحَب
pull	pulled	pulled	يَسْحَب

## التمرين عدد1: صرف فعل have في المضرع البصيط = present simple مع كل الضمائر الآتية

He, She, It:
I,We, You, They:

التمرين عدد2: صرف الأفعال التالية في ال past participle

			<b></b>
Infinitive	Past participle	Infinitive	Past participle
accept		continue	
arrange		сору	
arrest		cry	
arrive		destroy	
ask		die	

## التمرين عدد3: صرف أفعال القائمة التالية من infinitive إلى present perfect

	• •		
Infinitive	present perfect	Infinitive	present perfect
arrive		tell	
ask		think	
drive		write	
eat		carry	
teach		close	

- التمرين عدد9: صرّف الأفعال التي بين قوسين في present perfect وأتمم الجمل 1. Dan ...... in that company for 12 years. (work) 2. I..... the news. (hear) 3. The boys...... never ...... sushi. (eat) 4. Daniel ...... that video clip at least twenty times. (see) 5. The workers ...... a break in 4 hours. (not have) 6. We .....them regularly over the last few years. (visit) 7. Ella .....her driving test this week. (pass) 8. Roger ..... to Mexico several times since 2002.(be) 9. They.....to each other since last year (not speak) 10.Mathew....his job. (quit) التمرين عدد10: كون أسئلة في present perfect بالأفعال التي بين قوسين 1...... you ...... the kitchen door? (paint) 2...... your brother ...... the shopping?(do) 3...... Julian ever ...... a spider?(touch)
- 4...... your father ever ..... on an elephant?(ride)
- 5...... Lee ........ his parents yet?(ask)
- 6..... you written the letter ?(write)
- 7...... Bill ..... the radio?(turn off)
- 8...... you ever ..... in a helicopter? (fly)
- 9..... he ..... the window?(break)
- 10...... you ever ..... for your friends?(cook)

# Propussion

## ضمائر الإنجليزية = English pronouns

	•	•			Reflexive
	<b>Pronouns</b>	<b>Pronouns</b>	Adjectives	Pronouns	Pronouns
1st Person	I	me	my	mine	myself
2nd Person	You	you	your	yours	yourself
3rd Person(male)	He	him	his	his	himself
3rd Person(female)	She	her	her	hers	herself
3rd Thing	lt	it	its	لا تستعمل	itself
1st Person(plural)	We	us	our	ours	ourselfs
2nd Person(plural)	You	you	your	yours	yourselves
3rd Person&thing plural	They	them	their	theirs	themselves

ضمائر الفاعل= subject pronouns نعوظ بها إسم الفاعل مثال: على أكل تفاحة = Ali ate an apple

تصبح: هو أكل تفّحة = He ate an apple

صالح عانق والدته = Salah hugged his mother

تصبح: هو عانق والدته = He hugged his mother

صالح وعلي إشتريا سيارة جديدة = Salha and Ali bough a new car

تصبح هما إشتريا سيارة جديدة = They bought a new car

## ضمائر المفعول به = Object pronouns

تستعمل لتعويظ المفعول به المباشر أو المفعول به غير المباشر أو المفعول به لحرف الجر مثال:

المفعول به المباشر = direct object هو الشخص أو الشيء الذي يقع عليه الفعل مباشرة مثال:

الكلب طارد القط = Hold the cat

الكلب طارد<u>ه</u> = The dog chased <u>it</u>

الشرطة ألقت القبض على اللص = The police caught the thief

تصبح: الشرطة ألقت القبض عليه = The police caught him

أنا رأيت صالح و علي و سمية = I saw Salah and Ali and Soumeya

تصبح: أنا رأيتهم = I saw them

المفعول به غير المباشر = <u>Indirect object</u> المفعول به غير المباشر هو الشخص أو الشيء اللّذي يتلقى المفعول به المباشر مثال: على أرسل لصالح رسالة = Ali sent salah a letter

من الذي تقبّل الرّسالة؟ أو لمن أرسل على الرّسالة؟ الجواب: لصالح. صالح هو المفعول به غير المباشر. نغيّر صالح ب him

فتصبح الجملة : علي بعث له رسالة = Ali sent <u>him</u> a letter

الأستاذ أعطى ل التلاميذ بعظ التمارين المنزلية = The teacher gave the students some homework الأستاذ أعطى ل التلاميذ بعظ التمارين؟ أو لمن أعطى الأستاذ التمارين؟ الجواب:التلاميذ التلاميذ هنا هم مفعول به غير مباشر نغيّر التلاميذ بالمستاذ المستاذ المستاذ المستاذ المستاذ المستاذ المستاذ المستاذ أعطاهم بعظ التمارين المنزلية = The teacher gave them some homework

المفعول به لحرف الجر = The Object of the Preposition

The object of the preposition is a noun that completes its meaning =

لمفعول به لحرف الجر هو إسم يأتي بعد حرف الجر لنتمم به الجملة مثال

القطة تنظر إلى السمّكة = The cat is looking at the fish

نعوّظ كلمة the fish ب it فتصبح الجملة:القطة نظرت إليها = the cat looked <u>at it</u>

السؤال: لمن تنظر القطة؟ الجواب إلى السّمكة. كلمة at هي حرف جر و كلمة <u>السّمكة =the fish هي مفعول به لحرف الجر</u> على أعطى الكتاب إ**لى** صالح = Ali gave the book **to** Saleh

السؤال: إلى من أعطى علي الكتاب؟ الجواب= إلى صالح to Salah .كلمة إلى = to هي حرف جر وكلمة <u>Salah هي مفعول به لحر الجر</u> نعوّظ كلمة him ب him فتصبح الجملة: على أعطى الكتاب إليه = Ali gave the book to him Here are some of the most common prepositions and their objects =

هذه قائمة لبعظ حروف الجر الأكثر إستعمال ويعظ الأسماء التي تأتي بعدها وتصبح مفعول به لحرف الجر "مفعول به مجرور.

Preposition	Object
in	room, car, box, house, city, country, state
on	table, chair, floor, wall, ceiling, bed, train, bus, plane
at	party, meeting, concert, school, home, work, bus stop, airport
from	school, work, home, city, country, person
to	school, work, home, city, country, person
with	friend, family, colleague, teacher, book, pen, phone
by	car, train, bus, plane, bike, foot
for	birthday, Christmas, dinner, lunch, breakfast, present
of	book of poems, cup of tea, piece of cake, bag of chips

بعظ الأمثلة عن كيف نستعمل حروف الجر المذكورة في الصّفحة الفارطة

I'm in the car on my way to work.

I'll meet you at the restaurant at 7 pm.

I'm from New York, but I live in Los Angeles now.

I'm going to the store to buy some milk.

I'm studying with my friend for the exam.

I arrived at the airport by taxi.

I bought a present for my sister's birthday.

He went in the room.

She went to cinema with her friends

They invited us fo dinner.

You come to the school by bus

We heard from your father that your were sick

The book is on the table

أدرس الجملتان التّاليتان و إنتبه حتى لا تخلط بين المفعول به الغير مباشر و الفعول به المجرور.

- 1. Ali gave Salah the book.
- 2. Ali gave the book to Saleh.

في الجملة الأولى صالح مفعول به غير مباشر. أمّا في الجملة الثانية صالح هو مفعول به مباشر لِحرف الجر

ماهو الفرق بين أن نستعمل الفعول به الغير مباشر و أن نستعمل الفعول به المجرور ؟.

ندرس هاتان الجملتان ونلاحظ: همراشت مرافل كتاب - علمهما مرافل Ali م

هو إشترى لِعَلي كتاب = He bought Ali a book هو إشترى كتاب إلى على = He bought a book to Ali

مو إحسري حب إلى حي – Cugitt a book to Aii – يحقق المحافظ أنّ المعنى لهاتين الجملتن هو واحد

في اللّغة الإنجليزية الجملة الأولى تعطي أكثر تعبيرات موجزة ومباشرة وتعطي إلى القارء مفهوم أوضح .

أمًا الجملة الثانية هي فقط تعطي تركيز على المفعول به.

وهنا يبق الإختيار لك أن تستعمل المفعول به غير المباشر أو المعول به المجرور

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ضمائر الملكية = Possessive adjectivs. تستعمل هاته الضّمائر ل الدّلالة على الملكية مثال:
         هذا كتابي = This is my book, أمّي = my mother, منزلهم = their house, حديقتنا = my mother
    لعبتها = her toy, سيّارك = your car, متجرهم = their shop, معلّمنا = our teacher, غرفتي = my room
                        ضمائر الملكية = Possessive Pronouns تستعمل هاته الضّمائر ل الدّلالة على الملكية مثال:
                         هذا الكتاب هو لي = This book is mine. ذلك المنزل هو لهم = that house is theirs
                            هاته الحديقة هي لنا = this toy is hers, هته اللَّعبة هيّ لها = this toy is hers
لاحظ أنّ عند إستعمال ال Possessive Pronouns لابدّ أن نذكر في الجملة الشيء الذي نملكه قبل إستعمال ال Possessive
                    الضّمائر الإنعكاسية = Reflexive pronouns: نستعمل هاته الضّمائر عندما ينعكس الفعل على فاعله.
أى أنّ الفاعل ومفعول به هو نفس الشّخص مثال: أنّا نضرت إلى نفسي في المرآة = I looked at myself in the mirror
                                    على يتحدّث مع نفسه في بعظ الأحيان = Ali talks to himself some times
                                       الكلب يخدش نفسه مرة أخرى = The dog is scratching itself again
       الأولياء ألقى اللوم على أنفسهم فيما حدث = The parents blamed themselves for what happened
                                        لاحظ هنا أن themselves تعنى أن كلّ شخص لام نفسه. وليس واحد لام الآخر
                                                              إذا أردنا أن نقصد كُلُّ واحد ألقى اللُّوم على الآخر نقول:
  الأولياء كلّ واحد ألقى اللوم على الآخر في ماحدث = The parents blamed each other for what happened
                                             قلنا لأنفسنا أن لا نفعل ذلك = We told ourselfs not to do that
                                           لاحظ هنا أن ourselfs تعنى أن كلّ شخص قال لنفسه. وليس قال ل الآخرين
                                          قلانا لبعضنا أن لا نفعل ذلك = We told each other not to do that
```

و لاحظ هنا أنّ each other تعنى أن كلّ شخص قال ل الآخرين

```
1. I →..... 2. we →..... 3. he →...... 4. it →......5. they.... →6. you →.....7. she →.....
                                  التمرين عدد2 : غير الكلمات التي تحتها سطر بالضمير المناسب وظعها مكان ا النَّقات
1.I saw the girls in the park. I saw .....in the park.
2.Students were listening carefully to the teacher. Students were listening carefully to......
3.My mother loves my sister and me.My mother loves ..........
4.Put the book on the shelf. Put .....on the shelf.
5. The cake is for Chris and me. The cake is for.......
6. They don't want to invite Emma to the party. They don't want to invite......to the party
7.Can you help my friends with the homework? Can you help.....with the homework?
8.I met my friend Jack yesterday. I met.....yesterday.
9.We've seen the film. We've seen.......
10.He is waiting for his sister. He is waiting for......
                   التمرين عدد3: إخطر الضمير المناسب وضعه مكان النّقات me, him, her, it, us, you, them
1. On my way home, I met David and told ......about the accident.
2. Susan needs this book. She can't prepare for her exam without ......
3. I don't know the way to the library. Could you, please, show ...... to .....?
4. We are going to take part in the contest. Will you join ......?
5. If you give Liam your address, he will send ...... a postcard.
6. I know this woman. Last time I met ......in the park.
7. If I see Helen, I will tell...... to call Richard.
8. I like your new skirt. Where did you buy .....?
9. A: "Is this present for me?"
B: "Yes. it's for......"
10. Where are Chris and Emily? We are waiting for......
         حاول أن تجد الفعل ثمّ أن تجد من قام به ثمّ أن تجد على من وقع وأخيرا قرّر إذا الكلمة التي تحتها سطر في الجملة هي
                فاعل أو مفعول به مباشر أو مفعول به غير مباشر. Indirect Object, Direct Object, Subject
1. She sent her friend an email .
2. Sally will help you with your housework.
3. Where did you put the keys?
4. He gave them a bag full of money.
5. Alice wrote a book on the French revolution .
6. I need your help.
7. He offered her a flower.
8. My father bought us a new TV set.
9. John sold me his car.
10. I wish you good luck Indirect.
```

لتمرين عدد1: حول ضمائر الفاعل إلى ضمائر المفعول به me, him, her, it, us, you, them

## ctives Adje

كلمات الصفة وعكسها				
Adjectives	المتضادات = Antonyms			
	میت dead			
angry غاضب	هادئ calm			
asleep	awake مستيقظ			
ىيئ bad	جيد good			
peautiful جميل	ugly بشع small معنیر			
hig	صغیر small			
	مثيرٌ للاهتمام interesting عالي expensive			
cheap خیص	غالِ expensive			
ظیف clean	قذر dirty عنا			
	ا المارة			
	far from عن far from			
	حار hot!			
	آمِن Safe			
dark	مظن المالية			
ختلف different	the same نفس الشيء			
	الله الشيء the same الشيء easy المذاق tasty المذاق wet المذاق المتأخر atle المتأخر المداق المتأخر المتأخر المتأخر المتأخر full المتأخر thin			
قزز disgusting	طيب المذاق tasty			
جاف dry	مبلل wet			
early مبكر	متأخر late			
empty ارغ	ممتلیء full			
fat نمین	نحيف thin			
happy	حزین Said			
	ا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال			
	ناعم Soft ا			
high	ەلـٰخفض			
ريظ	بِصَحَّة جَيِّدة Well			
على اليسار left	يَمين Right			
	يَمين Right Big			
	قصیر Short			
صوت عال loud				
	إيجابي Positive			
	عمر او قديم Old			
nice	مقر ف nastv			
	مسن Aged			
	مغلق Closed			
	Aged مسن Aged مسن Closed معلق Rich كاطئ			
	قاطئ Wrong			
	Polite مؤدب			
	نحن سوف Well			
	سريع Fast بسريع			
	Weak ضعيف			
	ضعیف Weak قصیر Short			
	blac أسود			
	uncrowded عير مزدحم			
	غیر مزدحم uncrowded مقیت Detestable غیر جذاب unattractive غیر جذاب Sweet			
	unattractive غير جذاب			
	Sweet علو			
	- Cowardly جبان			
Honest مادق / شریف				
	عير الماسي Unimpassioned			
العلاق الوراق إلى العلاق الوراق إلى العلاق الوراق إلى العلاق العلاق العلاق العلاق العلاق العلاق العلاق العلاق	عير حمسى الاستانات الاستانات الاستانات الاستانات الاستانات الاستان الاستانات			

## الصفة أو النعت = Adjective

الصَّفَه هي كلمه تستعمل لوصف شخص او شيئ ما.

مثال : كبير, صغير, طويل, قصير, خفيف, أسود, ذكي فرح إلى آخره. ندرس الزمن من خلال بعظ الأمثلة ونلاحظ

زمن الماضي	زمن المضارع
	علي طويل
صالح کان قصیر	صالح قصير
أناكنت ذكي	أنا ذكي
هي كانت حزينة	هي حزينة

كما لاحظة في الأمثلت السابقة أن في اللّغة العربية لمّا نصف شخص أو شيئ في الماضي الماضي نستعمل فعل كان. أمّا في اللغة الإنجلزية إذا أردنا أن نصف نستعمل فعل كان. أمّا في اللغة الإنجلزية إذا أردنا أن نصف شخص أو شيئ معرّف ب The boy مثال الولد = The boy مثال الولد = the boy مثال الولد = be حتّى ندل على المضارع أو أمامه ضمير فاعل مثل إلى المنارع المضارع المضارع المضارع المنارع المنارع على المضارع المنارع الم

تصريف فعل be في المضارع البسيط

Verb be nomal from
i am,he is,she is,it is,we are,you are,they are
i'm, he's, she's, it's, we're, you're, they're

## بعظ الأمثلة كيف نستعمل الصيفات في المضارع

late = متأخر	tall = طویل	حزين = Sad	happy = فرح
انا متأخر = I am late	أنا طويل = I <mark>am</mark> tall	انا حزين = I am Sad	انا فرح = I <mark>am</mark> happy
هو متأخر = he <mark>is</mark> late	he <mark>is</mark> tall = هو طويل	he <mark>is</mark> Sad = هو حزين	he <mark>is</mark> happy = هو فرح
she <mark>is</mark> late = ه <i>ي</i> متأخرة	she <mark>is</mark> tall = ه <i>ي</i> طويلة	she <mark>is</mark> Sad = ه <i>ي</i> حزينة	she <mark>is</mark> happy = ه <i>ي</i> فرحة
it is late = تلك متأخرة	it is tall = تلك طويلة	it is Sad = تلك حزينة	it is happy = تلك فرحة
we are late = نحن متأخرين	we are tall = نحن طویلین	we are Sad = نحن حزينين	we are happy = نحن فرحين
jou are late = أنت متأخر	you are tall = أنت طويل	you are Sad = أنت حزين	you <mark>are</mark> happy = أنت فرح
you are late = أنتِ متأخرة	jou are tall = أنتِ طويلة	you are Sad = أنتِ حزينة	you <mark>are</mark> happy = أنتِ فرحة
you are late = أنتما متأخران	you are tall = أنتما طويلان	you are Sad = أنتما حزينان	you are happy = أنتما فرحان
you are late = أنتما متأخرتان	you are tall = أنتما طويلتان	you are Sad = أنتما حزينتان	you are happy = أنتما فرحتان
you are late = أنتم متأخرون	you are tall = أنتم طوال	jou are Sad = أنتم حزينون	) انتم فارحون = you are happy
you are late = أنتن متأخرات	you are tall = أنتن طويلات	you are Sad = أنتن حزينات	you are happy = أنتن فارحات
هما متأخران = they are late	هما طویلان = they are tall	هما حزینان = they are Sad	هما فارحان = they are happy
هما متأخرتان = they are late	هما طویلتان = they are tall	هما حزينتان = they are Sad	هما فارحتان = they <mark>are</mark> happy
هم متأخرون = they are late	هم طِوال = they are tall	هم حزينون = they are Sad	هم فارحون = they <mark>are</mark> happy
هنّ متأخرات = they are late	هنَ طويلات = they are tall	هن حزينات = they are Sad	they <mark>are</mark> happy = هنّ فارحات

بعظ الجمل تحتوى عل وصف أسماء معرّفة في المضارع

الفيلم درامي = The film is dramatical, العصفور الجميل يغني = The pretty bird is singing

والدي معلم = My father is a teacher, الفيل كبير = The elephant is big

أنا تلميذ = I'm a student , هي ممرظة =

الطقس بارد = The weather is cold, إنه يوم صعب = t is a hard day, إنه يوم صعب = The weather is cold, هو رجل طيب

هم لطيفون معي = The boy is clever, الصبي ذكي = The boy is clever

الفتاة لطيفة = The girl is nice, إنها فتاة ذكية = She is a clever girl

#### بعظ الجمل تحتوي على وصف أسماء غير معرّفة في المضارع

يوم ممطر = A raining day. رائحة كرهة = A bad smell. عندي قلم أزرق = A have a blue pen

جارنا عنده رظيع لطيف = Our neighbour has a cute baby. إسم جميل = A nice name

قبّعة خظراء = A green hat. رجل مسنّ و حزين = An old and said man

رجل مسنّ و فرح = An old and happy man. شجرة خظراء = A green tree

فيل كبير = A cold weather. شاب لطيف = A nice boy. طقس بارد = A cold weather

#### كيف نستعمل الصفة في الماضي

إذا أردنا أن نصف شخص أو شيئ ما في الماضي فلابد أن نصرف فعل be في الماضي

I He	تصريف فعل كان = be في كان = was	اضي مع ضمائر الجمع. We You They	تصريف فعل كان = be في اله • were
سعيد = happy	angry = غاظب	rich = ثري	مریض = sick
I was happy	I was angry	I was rich	I was sick
he was happy	he was angry	he was rich	he was sick
she was happy	she was angry	she <b>was</b> rich	she <mark>was</mark> sick
it was happy	it was angry	it was rich	it was sick
we were happy	we were angry	we were rich	we were sick
you were happy	you were angry	you <b>were</b> rich	you <b>were</b> sick
they were happy	they were angry	they were rich	they were sick

#### بعظ الجمل في الماضي

It was cold last night = كان الجو باردًا الليلة الماضية you were tired last week = أنت كنت مريضًا الأسبوع الماضي هو كان في الحديقة it was sunny last week = كان الجو مشمسًا الأسبوع الماضي كان يومًا مُشْمِسًا بالأمس كان يومًا مُشْمِسًا بالأمس We were friends for many years = عديدة

#### كيف نستعمل الصفة في الماضي السلبي

angry = غاظب	حزین = Sad	safe = آمن	happy = فرح
I was not angry	I was not sad	I was not safe	I was not happy
he was not angry	he was not sad	he was not safe	he was not happy
she was not angry	she was not sad	she was not safe	she was not happy
it was not angry	it was not sad	it was not safe	it was not happy
we were not angry	we were not sad	we were not safe	we were not happy
you were not angry	you were not sad	you were not safe	you were not happy
they were not angry	they were not sad	they were not safe	they were not happy

أنا لم أكن سعيدًا بنتيجة الاختبار = I was not happy with the result of my test

أنا لم أكن على استعداد للذهاب، ولكن لم يكن لدى خيار = I wasn't ready to go, but I had no choice

أنت لم تكن مريضا، فلماذا لم تأتى؟ = ?You weren't sick, so why didn't you come

نحن لم نكن مستيقظين في الساعة الواحدة صباحًا = We were not awake at 1 a.m.

جدتی لم تکن طویلة جدًا = My grandmother was not very tall

الكوميديون لم يكن مضحكين في العرض الكوميدي = The comedians weren't funny at the comedy show

الطّقس لم يكن ممطرا أمس. كان مشمسا و حارا = It was not rainy yesterday. It was sunny and hot

#### كيف نسأل عن الصفة في الماضي

فرح = happy	مریض = sick
was i happy? = هل أنا كنت فرح	هل أنا كنت مريض =? was i sick
was he happy? = هل هو كان فرح	was he sick ?= هل هو كان مريض
هل هي كانت فرحة = ? was she happy	هل هي كانت مريضة =? was she sick
هل تلك كانت فرحة =? was it happy	هل تلك كانت مريضة =? was it sick
were we happy ?= هل نحن كنا فرحين	were we sick ?= هل نحن كنا مريضاء
هل أنت كنت فرح =? were you happy	هل أنت كنت مريض =? were you sick
هل أنتِ كنت فرحة =? were you happy	هل أنتِ كنت مريضة =? were you sick
	هل أنتما كنتما مريضين =? were you sick
هل أنتما كنتما فرحتان =? were you happy	هل أنتما كنتما مريضتان =? were you sick
هل أنتم كنتم فارحون =? were you happy	هل أنتم كنتم مريضون =? were you sick
were you happy ?= هل أنتن كنتن فارحات	هل أنتن كنتن مريضات =? were you sick
هل هما كان فارحان =? were they happy	were they sick ?= هل هما كان مريضان
هل هما كانتا فارحتان =? were they happy	هل هما كانتا مريضتان =? were they sick
هل هم كانوا فارحون =? were they happy	هل هم كانوا مريضون =? were they sick
هل هنّ كنّ فارحات =? were they happy	هل هن كن مريضات =? were they sick

#### كيف نسأل ونجيب

Was he a student of yours?Yes, he was =	هل هو كان تلميذاً لك؟ نعم، كان كذلك
Were you tired this morning? no, I wasn't =	هل أنت كنت متعبًا هذا الصباح؟ لا، لم أكن كذلك.
Was I rude to him?Yes, you were =	هل أنت كنت وقحا معه؟ نعم، كنت كذلك
Were you prepared for your test?Yes, I was =	هل أنت كنت مستعدًا للاختبار؟ نعم، كنت كذلك
Was Ali on time today?Yes, he was =	هل كان علي في الوقت المحدد اليوم؟ نعم، لقد كان كذلك
Was it confusing?No, it wasn't =	هل كان الأمر محيرا؟ لا، لم يكن كذلك
Were they friendly?No, they weren't =	هل هم كانوا ودودين؟ لا، لم يكونوا كذلك

### صفة المقارنة = comparative adjective

إذا أردنا أن نقارن بين شخصين أو شيئين فلابد أن نستعمل comparative adjective مثال: على أطول من صالح. سمية أنكى من منير. منير أسرع من سمية كلمة : أطول ,أذكى ,أسرع تسمى بالإنجليزية comperative adjectives بعظ الأمثلة في المظارع كيف نستعمل comperative adjectives

لندن أكبر من مدريد .London is bigger than Madrid

هی آکبر سنّا منی .She is older than me

He is a better player than Ronaldo. إنه لاعب أفضل من رونالدو

على اطول من صلاح .Ali is taller than Salah

الفرنسية أصعب من الإنجليزية .French is more difficult than English الفرنسية أصعب من الإنجليزية

المريخ أبرد من الأرض .Mars is colder than Earth

والدي أقوى منى و من أخى . My father is stronger <u>than me</u> and my brother

شقيقي أكبر سنًا مِني مني من My two brothers are older than me. بعظ الأمثلة في الماظى كيف نستعمل comperative adjectives

هذا الرجل كان أكثر غضبا من ذلك الرجل This man was angrier than that man. هذا الرجل

مایك كان أكثر مرحًا من إسحاق . Mike was more funny than Isaac

على كان أسرع من صلاح .. Ali was faster than Salah

The last assignment was easier than This one. المهمة الأخيرة كانت أسهل من هذه المعالمة الأخيرة كانت أسهل من الشتاء الحالى .Last winter was colder than This winter

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Ecomparative adjective في الحاظر مع إستعمال comparative adjective فلابد أن نبتدء السنال بفعل Be الدان أن نسأل في الماظي أو في الحاظر مع إستعمال comparative adjective هل لندن أكبر من مدريد (Is London bigger than Madrid? هل لندن أكبر من مدريد (Is She older than me? هل هي أكبر سنًا مني (Is He a better player than Ronaldo? هل هو لاعب أفضل من رونالدو (Is He a better player than that man angrier than that man? هل كان هذا الرجل أكثر عضبا من ذلك الرجل (It was Mike more funny than Isaac) هل كان علي أكثر مرحًا من إسحاق (It was Ali faster than Salah) للاعلى المنافلة (It was Ali faster than Salah) المنافلة (It was Ali and Salah longer than Samia) عن النّعت أو الصّفة (It was adjective adjective المقارنة (It was adjective adjective المنافلة (It was adjective adjective adjective adjective المثل: It was adjective المنافلة (It was adjective adjective adjective adjective المثلل: It was adjective المقارنة (It was adjective adjective adjective المثلث المقارنة (It was adjective adjective المثلث المقارنة (It was adjective adjective المثلث المثلث (It was adjective المثلث (It was adjective adjective المثلث (It was adjective المثلث (It was adjective المثلث (It was adjective (It was adjec
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Two or three-syllables Adjectives
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With two or three-syllables adjectives, you form the comparative with more.

مع أغلبية كلمات الصفة اللتي تتكون من جزأين أوكثر نتحصل على

مثال: big => bigger, hot => hotter, slim => slimmer

صفة المقارن = comparative adjective بإظافة كلمة أكثر = more قبل كلمة الصفة.

الجزء = syllable هو consonat أو أكثر مع vowel. مثال: small, ,ong,cold, crazy

و الجزئين هما ثلاثة consonats أو أكثر مع أثنين vowels.مثال consonats أو أكثر مع أثنين لاحظ أنه لاتغيير في الصفة

إذا كانت الصفة و تنتهي بحرف e نظيف إلى آخر الصفة حرف r فقط مثال: cute =>cuter, large => larger إذا كانت كلمة الصّفة تنتهي بحرف الخير ونطق ال vowel + consonet ونطق ال

أمثلة :Examples

honest => more honest, famous => more famous, expensive => more expensive difficult= > more difficult, beautiful => more beautifu delicious=>more delicious, interested => more interested

If the adjective ends with -y, change the y to i and add -er for the comparative form.

إذا كانت كلمة الصفة تنتهي بحرف y نحذف حرف y ونغيره بحرف i ثم نظيف er إلى آخر الصفة أمثلة =happy =>happier, crazy => crazier :Examples

الصّيفات التي لا تخظع إلى القاعدة = Irregular Adjectives

هناك بعظ من كلمات صفة المقارنة = comparative adjective لاتخظع إلى القاعد فلابد أن تحفظهم حفظا هاذه بعظ منها والأكثر تداول

#### These adjectives have <u>irregular</u> comparative forms.

good = حسن > better الحسن = bad = حسن > worse السوء = far > بعيد > farther = بعيد > less = الله > better أكثر = many = كثير = many = كثير = better المثلة = better = كثير = كثير = better = bette

The weather is better today than it <u>was</u> yesterday. الطقس اليوم أفضل مما <mark>كان</mark> عليه بالأمس Her second book was worse than her first one. كتابها الثاني كان أسوأ من كتابها الأول

المدرسة أبعد مما كنا نظن .The school is farther away than we thought

لوسى كانت أقل طولًا من لوك .Lucy was less tall than Luke

كتابك أكثر إثارة للاهتمام من كتابي .Your book is more interesting than my book

#### الصفة الأكثر على الإطلاق = superlative adjective

نستعمل superlative adjective عندما نقارن بين ثلاثة أشخاص أو ثلاثة أشياء ويكون أحدهم هو الأكثر على الإطلاق مثال: على طويل, صالح أطول من على ولكن سمية هي الأطول. كلمة الأطول هنا هي ال على طويل, صالح أطول من على ولكن سمية هي الأطول.

John is 1m75. David is 1m80. Chris is 1m85. Chris is the tallest.

Canada, China and Russia are big countries. But Russia is the biggest.

أو عندما نريد أن نبيّن أن الشخّص أو الشيء هو الأكثر على الإطلاق مثال:

على هو أصغر طفل في عائلتنا = Ali is the youngest child in our family

جبل إيفرست هو أعلى جبل في العالم=Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world

على وسوميا هما أكثر الطلاب ذكاءً هنا=Ali and Soumava are the most intelligent students here

إنه أذكى طالب في قسم=He is the cleverest student in the class

سيريوس هو ألمع نجم في السماء=Sirius is the brightest star in the sky

سمية هي الأطول بين جميع الطلاب = Soumaya is the tallest of all studants

من بين الطلاب الثلاثة، علي هو الأكبر سنًا = Of the three studens Ali is the oldest

#### كيف نكون Superlative Adjective من الصفة =

لصفة اللتي تتكون من جزء واحد = One-syllable adjectives

"one syllable = من الصفة اللتي تتكون من "جزء واحد Superlative Adjective نكون و لا تنتهى بحف est إظافة est إلى آخر الصفة و إذا كانت الصفة تنتهى حرف est نظيف st فقط مثال:

Adjectives	Superlative forms
tall	tallest
fine	fin <mark>est</mark>
brav <mark>e</mark>	brav <mark>est</mark>
strong	strong <mark>est</mark>
young	young <mark>est</mark>

على هو الأطول في القسم =Ali is the tallest in class

والدي هو الأقوى في عائلتي = My dad is the strongest in my family

أنا الأصغر في عائلتي = I'm the youngest in my family

الطقس اليوم هو الأفضل الذي شهدناه طوال العام =The weather today is the finest we've had all year

"Two syllables = من الصفة اللتي تتكون من "جزئين Superlative Adjective نكون

و تنتهى ب er, ow ,le بإظافة est إلى آخر الصفة.

#### Two-syllable adjectives ending with -er, -ow and -le

Adjectives	Superlative forms
clever	cleverest
narrow	narrowest
shallow	shallowest

الفتاة الأكثر ذكاءً في فريقي هي سومايا = The cleverest girl in my team is Soumaya شارع ابن الجزار هو أضيق شارع في القيروان=ibn-al jzzar street is the norrowest street in kairoun

Two syllables = من الصفة اللتي تتكون من "جزئين Superlative Adjective نكون

تنتهى ب v بتغير v ب بو إظافة est إلى آخر الصفة. v بتغير v

Adjectives	Superlative forms
happy	happiest
pretty	prettiest
early	earliest

The earliest sign of pregnancy is food aversion

The happiest moment in my life was when my mother said she loved me.

#### التمرين عدد 1: ترجم إلى الإنجليزية = Translate to English

مِقدام = brave	مَشْغُول = busy	انیق = elegant
أنا مِقْدام =i	أنا مَشْغول = l busy	أنا أنيق =
هو مِقْدام = he brave	هو مَشْغول = He	هو أنيق =
ھي مِقْدامة =she	هي مَشْغولة =	هي أنيقة =
تلك مِقْدامة = It	تلك مَشْغولة =	تلك أنيقة =
نحن مِقْدامين =	نحن مَشْغولين = we	نحن أنيقين =
أنت مِقْدام = You	أنت مَشْغول = you	أنت أنيق = you
أنتِ مِقْدامة = you	أنتِ مَشْغُولة = you	أنتِ أنيقة  = you
أنتما مِقْدامان = you	أنتما مَشْغُولان = you	أنتما أنيقان = you
أنتما مِقْدامتان = you	أنتما مَشْغُولتان = you	أنتما أنيقتان =
أنتم مِقْدامون =you	أنتم مَشْغولون = you	أنتم أنيقون = you
ىن مِقْدامات = you brave	أنتن مَشْغولات = you	أنتن أنيقات = you
هما مِقْدامان = they	هما مَشْغُولان = they	هما أنيقان = they
هما مِقْدامتان = They	هما مَشْغُولتان = they	هما أنيقتان = they
هم مِقْدامون = they	هم مَشْغُولُون = they	هم أنيقون =they
هنّ مِقْدامات = they	هنّ مَشْغُولات = they	هنّ أنيقات = they

#### التمرين عدد2: أجد كلمات النّعة في الجمل التالية

- 1. The ancient tree stood proudly in the lush garden.
- 2. She wore a beautiful dress to the elegant party.
- 3. The small kitten chased the rolling ball.
- 4. His thoughtful gift made her day special.
- 5. The enormous elephant sprayed water with its long trunk.
- 6. That mysterious book contains ancient secrets.
- 7. The red apple tasted incredibly sweet.
- 8. She has a big, friendly dog.
- 9. The cold wind howled through the dark night.
- 10. The young athlete won a gold medal.
- 11. Her cheerful laugh was contagious.
- 12. The old bridge collapsed during the severe storm.
- 13. Bright stars twinkled in the clear sky.
- 14. The delicious aroma of fresh cookies filled the kitchen.
- 15. A loud noise startled the quiet neighborhood.
- 16. The final exam was incredibly difficult.
- 17. The crystal clear water in the lake was refreshing.
- 18. The brave firefighter saved the family from the burning house.
- 19. He felt an odd sensation in his stomach.
- 20. The artist painted a stunning portrait.

التمرين عدد 3: أتمم الجدول

	Adjective	Comparative
کبیر	big	
النيع	bad	
أسود	black	
جميل	beautiful	
دموي	bloody	
صعب	difficult	
جاف	dry	
بعيد	far	
سمين	fat	
ودود	friendly	
مضحك		more funny
ختر		better
مهم		more interesting
قلیل		less
كثير		more
مشهور	popular	
مشهور حزین		sadder
تعبان	tired	**************************************

التمرين عدد 4: إستعمل الكلمة التي بين قوسين و أتمم الجملة

1. This is	. than that. <b>(good)</b>
2. She is	than you. <b>(intelligent)</b>
3. He is than his sist	ter. <b>(clever)</b>
4. These days, I am	than I used to be. (happy)
5. This is	than that.(bright)
6. He is	than my father. <b>(old)</b>
7. She earns	than me. <b>(more)</b>
8. She looks	than she is. <b>(young)</b>
9. You are no	than him.(wise)

#### التمرين عدد 5:

	Adjective	Supperlative
كبير	big	
سىيء	bad	
جميل	beautiful	
	cheap	
جذاب/لطيف	cute	
سمين	fat	
بخير	fine	
77.5	good	
عظيم	great	
سعيدة	happy	
مهم	interesting	
تعبان	tired	
طویل	tall	

#### التمرين عدد6: إستعمل الكلمة التي بين قوسين و أتمم الجملة

1. It had the ..... laws in the world. (excellent) 2. I have not the .....idea in the world. (slight) 3. Roses are the ...... I have ever seen. (fine) 4. The snake is the ..... figure. (conspicuous) 5. It was the ..... thing I ever saw. (deliberate) 6. It need not be the..... land. (good) 7. I have done the ..... work. (menial) 8. I have the ..... respect for him. (high) 9. The organ was the ...... instrument of all instruments. (ancient) 10. I'm the...... man there. (rich) 11. He's the ..... witness against them. (big) 12. You have seen the..... side of my rule. (bad) 13. We shall be the ..... of friends. (good) 14. You are the ...... man that ever lived. (great) 15. He did not show the ..... fear. (slight) 16. The position was the ...... he had ever faced. (extraordinary) 17. I had not the ..... notion what they did. (slight)

18. They would take the..... way of approach. (secret) 19. It was the ...... voyage I had ever made. (singular)

20. He is the ..... of men. (critical)

#### إصلاح تمارين ال Present Simple

#### إصلاح تمرين عدد 1

يشتغل = work	يڏهب = go	يحاول = try	یشاهد = watch
l work	l go	l try	I watch
he,she, it: works	he,she, it: <b>goes</b>	he,she,it: tries	he watches
we work	we go	we try	we watch
you work	you go	you try	you watch
they work	they go	they try	they watch

#### إصلاح تمرين عدد2

أنا عنعدي فكرة = I have an idea	You have an idea = أنتما لديكما فكرة
هو عنده فكرة = He has an idea	You have an idea = أنتم لديكم فكرة
هي عندها فكرة = She has an idea	You have an idea = أنتن عندكن فكرة
تلك عنده فكرة = It has an idea	هما لديهما فكرة = They have an idea
نحن عندنا فكرة = We have an idea	Ahey have an idea = هم لديهم فكرة

إصلاح تمرين عدد 3

- 1. Do I have an english book?
- 2. Do You have a football?
- 3. Do They have a car?

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- 4. Do We have a garden?
- 5. Does He have a syster?
- 6. **Does** She have a brother?
- 7. Does She have a baby?
- 8. Do You have a good family?
- 9. Do we have many horses?
- 10. Do They have a swimming pool?

- 11. Does He have a phone?
- 12. Does She have a lot of mony?
- 13. Do They have right?
- 14. Do You have wrong?
- 15.Do I have no experience?
- 16. Do You have all respect for you?
- 17. Does My father have a new boat?
- 18. Does Ali have a nice flat?
- 19. Does Soumaye have a nice bicycle?
- 20. Does The cat have a baby

إصلاح التمرين عدد

- 1. I usually go to school.
- 2. They visit us often.
- 3. Tom works every day.
- 4. He always tellsus funny stories.
- 5. She never helps me with that!
- Martha and Kevin swim twice a week.
- 7. In this club people usually dance a lot.
- 8. Linda takes care of her sister.
- 9. John rarely leaves the country.
- 10. We live in the city most of the year.
- 11. Magda travels to Paris every Sunday.
- 12. I bake cookies twice a month.
- 13. You always **teach** me new things.
- 14. She **helps** the kids of the neighborhood.
- 15. She drives very well.
- 16. Water boils at 100 degrees.
- 17. Water freezes at 0 degrees.
- 18. My sister speaks English.

#### إصلاح تمارين ال Present Continuous

إصلاح التمرن عدد 1

یشعر = feel	use = يستخدم	get = يستخدم	يكون = be
I am feeling	I am using	l am getting	l am being
he,she,it: is feeling	he,she,it: is using	he,she,it: is getting	he,she,it: is being
we are feeling	we are using	we are getting	we are being
you are feeling	you are using	you are getting	you are being
they are feeling	they are using	they are getting	they are being

صلاح التمرن عدد 2

The children are playing in the house.

The cat **is hiding** in the tree house.

Andy and Joe are coming home.

I am sitting on the sofa.

Our dog is lying on the floor.

Robert and Mark are writing e-mails.

They **are listening** to the radio.

He is cutting two slices from the loaf of bread.

The sun is shining.

My mother is making breakfast now.

We are reading a text.

He is talking on the phone.

The cat is sleeping on the sofa.

They are cleaning the table.

My dad is waiting for the bus.

I am drinking a glass of water.

We are walking along the beach.

She is watching videos on her phone.

I am helping in the kitchen.

The lady is wearing a T-shirt.

They are running to the park.

His mum is taking photos.

We are playing frisbee.

She is making breakfast.

My brother is sitting on the floor.

I am buying a sandwich.

He is phoning a friend.

John is flying in a plane.

They are inviting Olivia to their party.

lan is having a shower.

إصلاح التمرن عدد 3

Is the sun shining?

Are you painting the house?

Am I studying English?

Are we buying food?

Are the children playing?

Is Nora running?

**Are** they coming soon?

Am I cutting the tree?

Is my brother watching TV?

Is it raining now?

#### إصلاح تمارين ال Past simple

إصلاح التمرن عدد 1

Infinitive	Past simple
divide	i,he,she,it,you,we,they: divided
donate	i,he,she,it,you,we,they: donated
use	i,he,she,it,you,we,they: use <b>d</b>
want	i,he,she,it,you,we,they: want <mark>ed</mark>

إصلاح التمرين عدد 2

- 1.we walked home after the show (walk)
- 2. They asked me to go and see them. (ask)
- 3. For a moment my courage failed me. (fail)
- 4. He continued to do so till his death. (continue)
- 5. She now looked full into his face. (look)
- 6. Then she appeared in her mother's room. (appear)
- 7. It tried to reach us, but could not. (try)
- 8. But she arrived too late for this. (arrive)
- 9. I waited for a moment or two. (wait)
- 10. He called to him to stop a moment. (call)
- 11. Her father called through the door again. (call)
- 12. It **seemed** to have done its work. **(seem)**
- 13. I **followed** them with my eyes through the crowd. **(follow)**
- 14. He returned to his country and died there. (return) (die)
- 15. We passed the whole of the next day in the same place. (pass)

إصلاح التمرين عدد3:

- 1) They **climbed** the mountain yesterday.
- **Did** they **climb** the mountain yesterday?
- 2) He **decided** to leave his job last week.
- Did he decide to leave his job last week?
- 3) She earned a lot of money in London last year.
- Did she earn a lot of money in London last year?
- 4) I **enjoyed** the wedding on Sunday.
- Did I enjoy the wedding on Sunday?
- 5) It happened late last night.
- Did it happen late last night?
- 6) They **rented** a car on holiday last summer.
- Did they rent a car on holiday last summer?
- 7) Philo Farnsworth invented the television in 1927.
- Did Philo Farnsworth invent the television in 1927?
- 8) We **listened** to the concert on the radio yesterday evening.
- **Did** we **listen** to the concert on the radio yesterday evening?
- 9) John and Mary worked together when they were younger.
- Did John and Mary work together when they were younger?
- 10) I received a nice letter from Aunt Jane this morning.
- **Did I receive** a nice letter from Aunt Jane this morning?

#### إصلاح التمرن عدد4

Infinitive		Past simple
be	i,he,she,it:	<u>was</u>
be	you,we,they:	<u>were</u>
have	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	had
come	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	came
do	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	did
say	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	said
speak	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	spoke
forget	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	forgot
give	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	gave
go	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	went
write	i,he,she,it you,we,they:	wrote

إصلاح التمرين عدد5

- 1. I came to England in 1993.
- 2. She **stood** under the tree to shelter from the rain.
- 3. They **did** their homework yesterday.
- 4. We sang too much last night. I have a sore throat!
- 5. He already ate all the cake.
- 6. The child **fell** off his bicycle.
- 7. It took three hours to drive to Paris.
- 8. I **found** your keys under the table.
- 9. She **got** a new bike for her birthday.
- 10. She sold her house last year.
- 11. We went to New York in January.
- 12. Finally, my mother let me go to a party.
- 13. It was cold last night.
- 14. I met John at the weekend.
- 15. Lucy **paid** the bill, before leaving the restaurant.
- 16. We saw the new film yesterday.
- 17. She wore her new coat to the party.
- 18. I thought my football team would win.
- 19. They put their bags in the bedroom.
- 20. Billy ran after the bus.
- 21. I gave my mother a CD for Christmas.
- 23. At the age of 23, she **became** a doctor.
- 24. I knew the answer yesterday.
- 25. He **told** me that he lived in Toronto.
- 26. We lent John £200.
- 26. She drank too much coffee yesterday.
- 27. The children slept in the car.
- 28. He kept his promise.
- 29. I chose the steak for dinner.
- 30. The film began late.
- 31. We flew to Sydney.

#### إصلاح تمارين ال Past Continuous

إصلاح التمرن عدد 1

make I,he,she, it: was making we,you, they: were making	speak I, he, she, it: was speaking we, you,they were speaking
do I,he,she, it: was doing we,you, they: were doing	cry I, he, she, it: was crying we, you, they: were crying
lie I,he, she, it: was lying We,you, they: were lying	trust I, he, she, it: was trusting we, you, they: were trusting
go I,he, she, it: was going We,you, they: were going	drink I,he, she, it: was drinking we, you, they: were drinking
write I, he, she, it: was writing we, you, they: were writing	talk I, he, she, it: was talking we, you, they: were talking

إصلاح التمرين عدد 2:

- 1. They were walking towards the market.
- Raju was playing with his dogs.
- 3. Uncle was repairing his radio.
- 4. Suma was waiting for the bus.
- 5. The dogs were chasing the cat.
- 6. I was getting anxious.
- 7. It was going to rain.
- 8. I was sleeping when the lights went out.
- 9. You were working in Mumbai at that time.
- 10. The child was crying because he was scared.
- 11. The spider was weaving his web.
- 12. The girls were practicing the piano.
- 13. The carpenter was making a table.
- 14. The wind was blowing fiercely.
- 15. The fire **was** burning brightly.
- 16. He was writing an article when she was sleeping.

إصلاح التمرين عدد 3:

- 1. Were you sleeping when he called you?
- 2. Were you laughing when she was tolking?
- 3. Was she **burning** the fire?
- 4. Was she standing at the door?
- 5. Were people waiting for me?
- 6. Were you working all day yesturday?
- 7. Was Jimmy **broadcasting** the news?
- 8. Were you quarreling with your brother?
- 9. Were you preparing for the final exam?
- 10. Were they talking to you when I came?

#### Present Perfect إصلاح تمارين ال

اصلاح التمرين عدد 1

He, She, It: has I,We, You, They: have

إصلاح التمرين عدد2

Infinitive	Past participle	Infinitive	Past participle
accept	accept <mark>ed</mark>	continue	continued
arrange	arranged	сору	copied
arrest	arrest <b>ed</b>	cry	cried
arrive	arrived	destroy	destroyed
ask	ask <mark>ed</mark>	die	die <b>d</b>

إصلاح التمرين عدد3

pres	sent perfect	preser	nt perfect
	arrive		tell
he,shi,it:	has arrived	he,shi,it:	has told
i,you,we,they:	have arrived	i,you,we,they:	have told
	ask	ti	hink
he,shi,it:	has asked	he,shi,it:	has thought
i,you,we,they:	have asked	i,you,we,they:	have thought
	drive	V	vrite vrite
he,shi,it:	has driven	he,shi,it:	has written
i,you,we,they:	have driven	i,you,we,they:	have written
	eat	C	arry
he,shi,it:	has eaten	he,shi,it:	has carried
i,you,we,they:	have eaten	i,you,we,they:	have carried
	teach	C	lose
he,shi,it:	has taught	he,shi,it:	has closed
i,you,we,they:	have taught	i,you,we,they:	have closed
			Our a mil N I

إصلاح التمرين عدد9:

- has worked
   have visited
   have heared
   has passed
   has been
- 4. has seen 9. haven't spoken / have
- 5. haven't had 10. has quit

إصلاح التمرين عدد10:

- 1. Have you painted the kitchen door?
- 2. Has your brother done the shopping?
- 3. Has Julian ever touched a spider?
- 4.Has your father ever ridden on an elephant?
- 5.Has Lee asked his parents yet?
- 6.have you written the letter?
- 7.Has Bill turned off the radio?
- 8. Have you ever flown in a helicopter?
- 9.has he broken the window?
- 10. Have you ever cooked for your friends?

#### إصلاح تمارين ال Pronouns

إصلاح التمرين عدد 1

1. I  $\rightarrow$ me: 2. we  $\rightarrow$ us: 3. he  $\rightarrow$ him: 4. it  $\rightarrow$ it: 5. they $\rightarrow$ them: 6. you  $\rightarrow$ you: 7. she  $\rightarrow$ her

إصلاح التمرين عدد2

1.them. 2. him. 3.Us. 4.it. 5.us. 6.her. 7. Them. 8. him. 9. it. 10. her

إصلاح التمرين عدد 3

1. him. 2. it. 3. it / me. 4. us. 5. you. 6. her. 7. her. 8. it. 9. you. 10. them.

إصلاح التمرين عدد4

- 1. She sent her friend an email . (Indirect Object)
- 2. Sally will help you with your housework. (Direct Object)
- 3. Where did you put the keys? (Subject)
- 4. He gave them a bag full of money. (Indirect Object)
- 5. Alice wrote a book on the French revolution . (Subject)
- 6. I need your help. (Direct Object)
- 7. He offered her a flower.(Direct Object)
- 8. My father bought us a new TV set. (Indirect Object)
- 9. John sold me his car. (Direct Object)
- 10. I wish you good luck. (Indirect Object)

# Adjectives إصلاح تمارين ال

مِقَدام = brave	مَشْغُول = busy	elegant = انيق
I' <mark>m</mark> brave	I <b>am</b> busy	l'm elegant
he is brave	he <b>is</b> busy	he <b>is</b> elegant
she <b>is</b> brave	she <b>is</b> busy	she is elegant
it <b>is</b> brave	it <b>is</b> busy	it <b>is</b> elegant
we <b>are</b> brave	we <b>are</b> busy	we are elegant
you are brave	you <b>are</b> busy	you <mark>are</mark> elegant
you <b>are</b> brave	you <b>are</b> busy	you are elegant
you <b>are</b> brave	you <b>are</b> busy	you <b>are</b> elegant
you <b>are</b> brave	you <b>are</b> busy	you are elegant
you are brave	you <b>are</b> busy	you <b>are</b> elegant
you <b>are</b> brave	you <b>are</b> busy	you <b>are</b> elegant
they are brave	they are busy	they are elegant
they are brave	they <b>are</b> busy	they are elegant
they are brave	they <b>are</b> busy	they are elegant
they are brave	they are busy	they are elegant

#### إصلاح التمرين عدد2

1. ancient, lush 11. cheerful 2. beautiful, elegant 12. old, severe 3. small, rolling 13. Bright, clear 4. thoughtful, special 14. delicious, fresh 5. enormous, long 15. loud, quiet 6. mysterious, ancient 16. final, difficult

7. red, sweet 17. crystal clear, refreshing

8. big, friendly 18. brave, burning

9. cold, dark 19. odd 10. young, gold 20. stunning

## إصلاح التمرين عدد 3:

	Adjective	Comparative
کبیر	big	bigger
سيع	bad	worse
أسود	black	blacker
جميل	beautiful	more beautiful
دموي	bloody	bloodier
صعب	difficult	more difficult
جاف	dry	drier
بعتة	far	farther
سمين	fat	fatter
ودود	friendly	friendlier
مضحك	funny	more funny
ختد	good	better
مهم	interesting	more interesting
قليل	little	less
كثير	many	more
مشهور	popular	more popular
حزين	sad	sadder
تعبان	tired	more tired

إصلاح التمرين عدد 4:

- 1. This is **better** than that.
- 2. She is more intelligent than you.
- 3. He is the **cleverest** boy in the class.
- 4. These days, I am  $\boldsymbol{happier}$  than I used to be.
- 5. This is  $\mbox{brighter}$  than that.
- 6. He is the **oldest** man in my village.
- 7. She earns more than me.
- 8. She looks **younger** than she is.
- 9. You are no wiser than him.
- 10. How is your grandmother today? she is **better** than yesturday.

#### إصلاح التمرين عدد 5:

	Adjective	Supperlative
کبیر	big	biggest
المديع	bad	worst
جميل	beautiful	most beautiful
رخيص	cheap	cheapest
جذاب/لطيف	cute	cutest
سمين	fat	fattest
بخير	fine	finest
ختخ	good	best
عظيم	great	greatest
سعيدة	happy	happiest
مهم	interesting	most interesting
تعبان	tired	most tired
طویل	tall	tallest

#### إصلاح التمرين عدد 6:

- 1. It had the **most excellent** laws in the world. **(excellent)**
- 2. I have not the **slightest** idea in the world. **(slight)**
- 3. Roses are the **finest** I have ever seen. **(fine)**
- 4. The snake is the **most conspicuous** figure. **(conspicuous)**
- 5. It was the **most deliberate** thing I ever saw. **(deliberate)**
- 6. It need not be the **best** land. **(good)**
- 7. I have done the **most menial** work. (menial)
- 8. I have the **highest** respect for him. (high)
- 9. The organ was the **most ancient** instrument in the metropolis. (ancient)
- 10. I'm the richest man there . (rich)
- 11. He's the **biggest** witness against them. (big)
- 12. You have seen the worst side of my rule. (bad)
- 13. We shall be the **best** of friends. **(good)**
- 14. You are the **greatest** man that ever lived. **(great)**
- 15. He did not show the **slightest** fear. **(slight)**
- 16. The position was the **most extraordinary** he had ever
- 17. I had not the **slightest** notion what they did. **(slight)**
- 18. They would take the **most secret** way of approach. (secret)
- 19. It was the **most singular** voyage I had ever made. (singular)
- 20. He is the **most critical** of men. (critical)

## Wh question words = كلمات الأسئلة

من = Who	Who are you? = ^من أنت؟ Who did this? = ^من فعل هذا
من الَّذي / من الَّتي =Whom	Whom do you want to see? = ?من ترید أن تری ا want to see Ali. = أريد أن أرى علي
لِمَنْ = Whose	Whose is this book? = !لمن هذا الكتاب This book is mine. هذا الكتاب لي
ماذا = What	What do you want? = ?ماذ تریده What is your name? = ماذ أسمك
أي =Which	Which book do you want? = !أي كتاب تريد اختر النمط الذي يعجبك = Choose which style you like best
نماذا = Why	الماذا أتيت؟ = ?Why have you come القد جئت لرؤيتك =.I have come to see you
متی = When	When do you go to school? = ?متى تذهب إلى المدرسة؟ أذهب إلى المدرسة في الساعة 10 صباحا .go to school at 10 am
أين = Where	Where is your father? = ?أين والدك؟ My father is at home.والدي في المنزل
کیف = How	How are you? = ؟کیف حالك؟ I am fine thank you. = أنا بخير شكرا لك

## Greetings = التحيات

Hello	مرحبًا
Good morning	صباح الخير
Good night	تصبح على خير
Good-bye	مع السلامة
See you soon	أراك قريبًا
See you later	أراك لاحقًا
Please	من فضلك - لو سمحت
Thank you	أشكر ك
You're welcome	العفو - عفوًا
Excuse me	المعذرة
Sorry	آسف
Congratulations	تهانينا - مبارك
Good luck	حظًا سعيدًا - حظًا موفقًا
What's up?	ما الأمر؟ - ما الأخبار؟
How are you?	كيف حالك؟
How are you doing?	كيف حالك؟ - ما هي أخبارك؟
How is it going?	كيف تسير الأمور؟

## حروف الجر = Prepostions

حول/مَاذا عَن = about	What <b>about</b> you? = ?ماذا عنك أنت عن ماذا تتحدث؟ = ?What are you talking <b>about</b>
أعلاه/فَوْق/ أعلى = above	انظر على الرف فوق رأسك = Look on the shelf <b>above</b> your head الرجال فوق 50 سنة = the men <b>above</b> 50 years old
خَلْف/ بعد = after	We went swimming after lunch = ذهبنا للسباحة بعد الغداء We ran after him = ركضنا وراءه
ضد = against	Liverpool <b>against</b> Milan = ليفربول ضد ميلان Are you <b>against</b> me? = هل انت ضدي
among = بين	The house is nestled <b>among</b> the trees = المنزل يقع بين الأشجار He got lost <b>among</b> the crowds = ضاع بين الحشود
حول حول احوالي المحوالي المحاولة	They sat <b>around</b> the table = هم جلسوا حول الطاولة He looked <b>around</b> = هونظر حوله
عِنْدَ / ف <i>ي</i> = at	We are <b>at</b> a hotel = نحن في فندق We met <b>at</b> the station = التقينا في المحطة
قبل = before	She arrived <b>before</b> me = هو وصلت قبلي <b>before</b> dinner = قبل العشاء
خلف = behind	He sat down <b>behind</b> you = هو جلس خلفك <b>behind</b> the door = خلف الباب
أدناه/تَحْتَ = below	below the table = تحت الطاولة See the line below = انظر السطر أدناه
بجانب = beside	She sat down <b>beside</b> him = هي جلست بجانبه They walked <b>beside</b> me = هم مرّوا بجانبي
بين = between	a number <b>between</b> 1 and 10 =10 رقم بين 1 و I sat <b>between</b> them = أنا جلست بينهما
بواسطة = by	He came <b>by</b> bus = هو جاء بالحافلة I go to work <b>by</b> my car = أنا أذهب إلى العمل بسيارتي
أسفل = down	Put that box down = ضع ذاك الصندوق أسفل Please, sit down = من فضلك اجلس
خلال = during	I was in France during May = أنا كنت في فرنسا خلال شهر ماي Nobody spoke during the presentation =لم يتحدث أحد خلال العرض
ِمِن أَجْل / مُقابِل= for	ا did it for you = أنا فعلت ذالك لأجلك He did it for money = هو فعل ذلك من أجل المال
من عند/ من = from	I am from Tunisia = انا من تونس A letter from Ali = رسالة من علي
ف <i>ي</i> = in	in the living room = في غُرْفة الجُلوس in 2023 = 2023

داخل = inside	please see inside the box = من فضلك انظر داخل الصندوق inside the house = داخل المنزل
في/ إلى الدّاخِل = into	She came <b>into</b> the house = لقد دخلت المنزل. Get <b>into</b> your bed! = ادخل إلى فرشك
near = قریب	I stood <b>near</b> the window The library is <b>near</b> to the school.
على = on	On the table = على الطاولة He stepped on my foot = لقد داس على قدمي
خارج = out	Get out! = اُخْرُج He went out = لقد خرج
أكثر/عَبْر/فُوق/عَلى = over	I climbed over the wall = تسلقت فوق الحائط A plane flew over our heads = حلقت طائرة فوق رؤوسنا
through = من خلال	I saw him through the window = رأيته من خلال النافذة He jumped out through the window = قفز من خلال النافذة
الى = to	ا went to the cinema = ذهبت إلى السينما ركضت إلى الباب ran to the door = ركضت إلى الباب
نحو/بِاتِّجاه = toward	He walket <b>toward</b> me = هو مشى نحوي She took a step <b>toward</b> the door = أخذ خطوة نحو الباب
نحت = under	under the table = تحت الطاولة under control = تحت السيطرة
فوق / لِلأعلى / يَرْفَع = up	نضر إلى فوق إلى النجوم= He looked up at the stars Keep your head up = ابقي رأسك مرفوعا
with = مع	with my father = مع والدي With you = معك أنت

## قائمة لأغلب: الأفعال اللّتي لا تخضع إل القاعدة Irrigular Verbs list

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle	
be	was/were	been	كان/ يكون
beat	beat	beaten	ضرب
become	became	become	أصبح
begin	began	begun	بدأ
bend	bent	bent	ثنى
bet	bet	bet	ر اهن
bite	bit	bitten	عضّ
blow	blew	blown	حضّ عضّ نفخ
break	broke	broken	کسر أحضر
bring	brought	brought	أحضر
broadcast	broadcast	broadcast	اداع
build	built	built	بنى
burst	burst	burst	بنی انفجر نشر
buy	bought	bought	اشترى
catch	caught	caught	أمسك
choose	chose	chosen	اختار
come	came	come	يأتي
cost	cost	cost	ساوی
creep	crept	crept	زحف
cut	cut	cut	جرح/قلع
deal	dealt	dealt	تعامل
dig	dug	dug	حفر
do	did	done	عمل
draw	drew	drawn	رسم
drink	drank	drunk	شرب
drive	drove	driven	قاد
eat	ate	eaten	أكل
fall	fell	fallen	سقط
feed	fed	fed	يُطْعِم
feel	felt	felt	شعر تقاتل
fight	fought	fought	تقاتل
find	found	found	لقي
flee	fled	fled	لقي يَفْرَ / يُخْلي
fly	flew	flown	طار
forbid	forbade	forbidden	حرّم/منع
forget	forgot	forgotten	نسي
forgive	forgave	forgiven	سامح/غفر
freeze	froze	frozen	جمد
get	got	got	يعر ايعني طار حرّم/منع نسي سامح/غفر جمد أحضر أعطى
give	gave	given	أعطى

go	went	gone	<u>ذهب</u>
grow	grew	grown	نما
hang	hung	hung	علق يماك
have	had	had	
hear	heard	heard	سمع
hide	hid	hidden	سمع إختبأ
hit	hit	hit	ضرب أمسك
hold	held	held	أمسك
hurt	hurt	hurt	جرح أحتفظ
keep	kept	kept	أحتفظ
kneel	knelt	knelt	ركع
know	knew	known	دری اعرف رقد
lay	laid	laid	رقد
lead	led	led	ساق /قاد
leave	left	left	ساق /قاد ترك
lend	lent	lent	يُعير/يُقْرِض
let	let	let	يُعْير/يُقْرِض يَدَع/يَتُرُك يَسْتَلْقي
lie (in bed)	lay	lain	يَسْتَڵ۫قي
light	lit	lit	أضاء
lose	lost	lost	خسر/فقد
make	made	made	صنع
mean	meant	meant	خسر/فقد صنع قصد التقی دفع وضع قرأ
meet	met	met	التقى
pay	paid	paid	دفع
put	put	put	وضع
read	read	read	قرأ
ride	rode	ridden	رکب
ring	rang	rung	يَتَّصِل بِ
rise	rose	risen	ركب يَتَّصِل بـِ نهض/جرى
run	ran	run	رکض
say	said	said	قالَ
see	saw	seen	لمح
seek	sought	sought	لمح يَبْحَث
sell	sold	sold	باعَ
send	sent	sent	أرسل/بعث
set	set	set	وضع
sew	sewed	sewn/sewed	خاط
shake	shook	shaken	هز
shine	shone	shone	لمع
shoot	shot	shot	لمع أطلق النارعلي

show	showed	shown	عرض
shrink	shrank	shrunk	تقلص
shut	shut	shut	أغلق
sing	sang	sung	غنى
sink	sank	sunk	غرق
sit	sat	sat	تقلص أغلق غنى غرق جلس نامَ
sleep	slept	slept	نامَ
slide	slid	slid	انذ لق
speak	spoke	spoken	تكلم
spend	spent	spent	أنفق
spit	spat	spat	بصق
split	split	split	بری تکلم بصق یَقْتَمِم/یَتَشْفَق یَقْفِر وقف
spread	spread	spread	يَنْشُر
spring	sprang	sprung	يَقْفِرْ
stand	stood	stood	وقف
steal	stole	stolen	سرق
stick	stuck	stuck	لصق
sting	stung	stung	لسع/ وخز
stink	stank	stunk	سرق لصق لسع/ وخز بعث رائحة كريهة
strike	struck	struck	ضرب حلف
swear	swore	sworn	حلف
sweep	swept	swept	مسح
swim	swam	swum	سبح
swing	swung	swung	تارجح أخذ
take	took		
	look	taken	أخذ
teach	taught	taken	أخذ علّم
teach tear			أخذ علّم ثقب/مزق
	taught	taught	أخذ علّم ثقب/مزق أخبر
tear	taught tore	taught torn	أخذ علّم ثقب/مزق أخبر فكر
tear tell	taught tore told	taught torn told	أخذ علّم ثقب/مزق أخبر فكر رمى
tear tell think	taught tore told thought	taught torn told thought	علّم ثقب/مزق أخبر فكر رمى فهم
tear tell think throw	taught tore told thought threw	taught torn told thought thrown	علّم ثقب/مزق آخبر فکر رمی فهم استیقظ
tear tell think throw understand	taught tore told thought threw understood	taught torn told thought thrown understood	علّم ثقب/مزق آخبر فکر رمی فهم استیقظ
tear tell think throw understand wake	taught tore told thought threw understood woke	taught torn told thought thrown understood woken	علّم ثقب/مزق آخبر فکر رمی فهم استیقظ
tear tell think throw understand wake wear	taught tore told thought threw understood woke wore	taught torn told thought thrown understood woken worn	علّم ثقب/مزق أخبر فكر رمى فهم

## قائمة لكلمات : الصفة = Adjectives list

Adjectives	Arabic
affable	لطيف
diligent	محتهد
adaptable	قابل للتَّعديل
adorable	بدیع
adventurous	مُغامر
affectionate	عَطُوفٌ / حَنُون
aggressive	عُدْوان <i>ی</i>
agreeable	مقبول
alert	يَقِظ
alive	حَيّ
ambitious	طُموح
amiable	ودي
amicable	سلمي/ظريف
amusing	مُسلَل / مُضْحِك
angry	غاضب
annoying	مُزْعج
anxious	قَلِق / مُتَوَيِّر
arrogant	مُتَكَبِّر
ashamed	خَجْلان
attractive	جَذَاب
average	مُعَدَّل عادي
awful	مُرَوّع
bad	سنيّء , زديء
beautiful	جَميَّل
better	أفضك
bewildered	متحير, مرتبك
black	أسود
bloody	مُغَطَّى بِالدِماء
blue	أَزْرَقَ
blushing	يَحْمَرّ الوَجْه خَجَلاً
bored	ضَجِر
brainy	ذُكي / نَبيه
brave	شُبُعاع / مِقّدام
breakable	الشئ القابل للكسر
bright	ساطِع
broad-minded	متحرر/واسع الأفق
busy	مَشْغُول
calm	هاديء
careful	حذر
careless	لا مُبالي
cautious	حَذِر
charming	ساحِر / فاتِن
cheap	رَخيص
cheerful	ستعيد

Adjectives	Arabic
clean	نظيف
clear	واضِح / مِن دون شَكَ
clever	ذكي
cloudy	مَليء بالغُيوم
clumsy	أُخْرَق , أُحَمق
cold	بارد
colorful	زاهى الألوان
combative	قتالي
comfortable	مريح
common	شكائع
communicative	صريح
compassionate	<u>رَحيِم / حَنون</u>
complicated	مُعَقَّد
concerned	قَلِق
condemned	مدان , حکم
confident	واثق بِنَفْسِهِ
confused	مُشْوَّش الْذِهْن
conscientious	ورع
considerate	مُراعِ لِمشاعِر الآخرين
convivial	<del>. هي</del> ج
cooperative	تعاون <i>ي</i>
courageous	شجاع
courteous	مهذب
crazy	مجنون
creative	مُبْدِع
creepy	مريب, غريب ومُخيف
crowded	مزدحم
cruel	قاسية ووَحشي
curious	فضولي
cute	جذاب
dangerous	خطیر
dark	داکن/مظلم
dead	متوفي
decisive	حاسم/حازم
deep	عميق
defeated	هزم
defiant	غير هياب جريء
delightful	مسعد رمبهج , مُمتِع
depressed	مکتئب
determined	عازمة ومُصَمِّم عَلَى
different	مختلف
difficult	صعبه
diplomatic	دېلوماسي
dirty	قدِر / مشبح

discreet	متحفظ
disgusted	مُقِّ في مشمئا
distinct	مُغَايِر / مُخْتَلف
disturbed	مِزْ عج
dizzy	دائخ م تَشْعُر بدُه ار
doubtful	مَشْكُوكِ فيه / غَير مؤكَّد
dry	حافّ
dull	ممل
dynamic	مُفعَم بِالْحَيوِيّة
eager	حريص وتواق إلى
early	مبکراً مُبکّراً
easy	سهل
easygoing	متمهل
elated	مبتهج
elegant	أنيق
embarrassed	محرج
emotional	عَاطِفی / جستی
empty	فارغ
enchanting	سأحر
encouraging	تشجيع
energetic	نشيط
enormous	هائل / ضَخْم
enthusiastic	متحمس
envious	حسود
evil	شرير
excited	مُتَحَمِّس
expensive	غالي الثمن
exuberant	غزير/ضخم
fair	أَشْفَر / أَبْيَض الْبَشْرة
fair-minded	منصف
faithful	مُخْلِص
fake	مُزيّف
famous	مَشْنْهور
fantastic	رائع
fat	سمين
fearless	شُجاع / جَسور
female	أنثى
fierce	شرس
filthy	قذرة
fine	بخير ٍ
foolish	غِبي,أَحْمَق / سَخيف
forceful	فعّال
fragile	هَشٌ / قَابِلِ لِلْكَسْر
frail	واهِن / ضَعيف
frank	صَريْح
frantic	محمومة

friendly	لَطف /وَدود
frightened	خائف
full	ممتلئ
funny	مُضْحِك
generous	کَریم / سَخي
gentle	لَطيف/رَقيق / خَفيف
gifted	مَوهوب
glad	ستعيد
glamorous	فَاتِن / ساحِر
glorious	رائع / بَهِي
good	<u> کی</u>
gorgeous	رائع
graceful	رَشْيق
great	عَظیم / رائع
gregarious	إجتماعي
grotesque	غُريب / مُتَنافِر
grumpy	شْكِس / عَصَبِي
handsome	وَسيم
happy	ستعيد
hard	قاسي/شاق
hard-working	مجتهد
healthy	بِصِحّة جَيّدة/ صِحّي
heavy	ثقيل
helpful	معاون، مساعد، مفيد
helpless	عاجِز/مغلوب على أمره
high	مُرْتَفِع / عالِ
hilarious	مضحك جدا
homeless	مشرد
homely	عائلي
honest	صادِق / شریف
horrible	فظيع
hot	حار / ساخِن
huge	ۻؘڂؚؚم
humorous	فْکِه / مُضْحِك
hungry	<b>جائع</b>
hurt	يُؤذي / يُؤلِم
ill	مَريض
imaginative	واسع الخيال
impartial	مُحايِد
important	مُهِمّ
impossible	مُسْتَحيل
independent	مُسْتَقِلٌ
inexpensive	غیر مکلف / رخیص
innocent	بَرِيء
inquisitive	فضولي
intellectual	مُثقّف / ذَكي

intelligent	. <
inventive	د د د
itchy	مبيع مسبب للحكة /ياكلني
jealous	مسبب سعه ريسي غُرور
	حیور مَد ح / مَشه ش
jolly kind	مرح / بسوس آطره
	<u>سیت</u> ک
large	<del>دبیر</del> دُقَاقَہ
late	مناجِر گده ا
lazy	عسون فذذة
light	-uy
light	قابِح مُفْعَم بالْحَيَو يَة
lively	مقعم بالحيوية
lonely	وحيد
long	طویل
lovely	جمیل / مَمتِع
loving	مُحِبُ
low	مُنخفِض
lower	ادنى
loyal	مُخْلِص / وَفِيّ
lucky	مَحْظوظ
magnificent	رائع
male	نگري
married	مُتَزَوِّج
minor	ضَئيل / غَيْر مُهِم
misty	ضَبابي
modern	حَديث/ مُعاصِر
modest	مُتَواضِع
motionless	بِدون حَركة
muddy	موحل/طيني
mysterious	غامِض
narrow	ضَيّق
nasty	رَديء / قَذِر / مُقْرِف
naughty	شَنَقي/ وَقح
neat	مُرَتَّبُ وَنَظَيف
nervous	قَلِق /عَصَبِي
new	جَديّد
nice	ظريف / لَطيف
nice	ظُريف / لَطيف
noisy	صاخِب/ضوضاء
normal	عادي
nutty	جوزي/ غريب الأطوار
obedient	مُطيع
obnoxious	<u>ي</u> بَغبض
odd	غريب
old	عَدوز
old-fashioned	. <u>رو</u> طِراز قديم
2.3	10 44

open	مَفْتوح
optimistic	مُتَفائل
outgoing	غَير مُتحَفِّظ/ودي
outrageous	فظيع
outstanding	مُمْتاز
painful	مُؤْلِم
painless	مُوْلِم غیر مولم
passionate	شَغوف/شَديد الحَماس
passive	غير فعال
patient	صَبور
perfect	مِثْالي/ كامِل
persistent	مُستَمِرٌ/مُصِرّ
philosophical	فَلسفيّ
placid	هادئ
plain	بَسيط
pleasant	سارٌ / مُفْرِح
plucky	شجاع/مقدام
polite	
poor	فَقير/ مِسْكين
powerful	قُوي / ذو نُفوذ
practical	عَمَلي
precious	ثَمين ۗ / نَفيس
prickly	شائك
private	خاصّ
pro-active	استباقي
proud	فخور
public	عامّة
putrid	آسن/ عفن
puzzled	مرتبك متحير
quaint	طريف/غريب
quick	سريع
quiet	ساكِن / هاديء
rare	نادِر
rational	عَقْلاني
real	حَقيقي
reliable	مَوثوق به / يُعتَمد عَليه
relieved	مُرْتاح
repulsive	قبيح / مُثير للاشمِئزاز
reserved	مُتحَفِّظ
resourceful	داهية/تعلب
rich	ثري
romantic	رومانسى/عاطفى
rough	<u> </u>
round	ے ہے۔ مُستَدیر
rude	وَ قح
sad	<u> </u>
<del>-</del>	<u> </u>

sate         الَّهِنْ           scary         المخيف           initical         Initical           sensible         Separately           sensitive         Separately           whath on siend         Separately           shallow         Separately           shallow         Separately           shallow         Sick           sinck         Silly           sinck         Silly           sincere         Sincere           single         Sincere           side         Separately           single         Sindere           side         Separately           side         <	,	. 7
selfish         القالية           sensible         المكليم           sensitive         المسكل منفصل           shallow         المسطحي           shallow         short           short         shy           sick         shy           sick         silly           simple         simple           simple         single           single         sidepy           slow         saleepy           slow         small           smiling         smooth           soriable         sociable           sore         soft           sour         shout           sour         shout           shour         shout           shout         shout <td>safe</td> <td>امِن</td>	safe	امِن
sensitive         الحَسَاس           separately         المشكل منفصل           whallow         whallow           shallow         short           short         sheap           shy         sick           wax         and           and         and		مُخيف
sensitive         المسلم           separately         بشكل منفصل           whallow         المع / برّاق           shallow         المع / برّاق           short         أخبول           sick         أخبول           willy         إلى المعالى           since         إلى المعالى           simple         إلى المعالى           sincere         إلى المعالى           single         إلى المعالى           single         إلى المؤلّى           إلى المؤلّى         إلى المؤلّى		اناني
separately         shallow           mdea         mdea           wdad         with           short         sac           shy         sice           sick         since           willy         size           willy         size           willy         size           will         size           simple         size           single         size           single         size           single         size           single         size           single         size           simple         size           simple         size           simple         size           simple         size           simple         size           size         size		حَکیم
shallow         سطحي           short         قصيرة           āṣọt         Āṣọt           sick         مَريض           mɨcɨb / ṣɨŋal         mɨcɨb / ṣɨŋal           simple         mɨcɨb / ṣɨŋal           single         hɨcɨp / ṣɨŋal           single         rɨdɨŋal           single         rɨdɨŋal           single         rɨdɨŋal           siow         siden           small         smiling           smooth         rɨdɨŋal           sore         rɨdɨŋal           sore         rɨdɨŋal           sour         rɨdɨŋal           rɨdɨŋal         rɨdɨŋal           rɨdɨŋal         rɨdɨŋal           rɨdɨŋal         rɨdɨŋal           rɨdɨŋal         rɨdɨŋal           rɨdɨŋal         rɨdɨŋal           rɨdɨŋal         rɨdɨŋal		حَسناس
shiny         الامع / بَرَاق           shy         المع / بَرَاق           sick         الميض           silly         المخيف / غبي           simple         المخيف           simple         المخيف           single         المخيف           show         samull           small         المخيف           small         المخيف           small         المخيف           sociable         المخيف           sore         المخيف           sour         المخيف           sour                     sour                     sour                     sour                     sour                     sour                     sour		بشكل منفصل
short         قصيرة           śick         مُريض           silly         بَنخيف / غبي           simple         بَسيط           simple         مُخْلِص           single         بأغرب           single         بالمورب           small         بالمورب           somall         بالمورب           somall         بالمورب           somall         بالمورب           sweet         بالمورب           المورب         بالمورب           المورب         بالمورب           المورب         بالمورب           المورب         المورب		سطحي
shy         الحَبول الكَمْرَيْنِ الله الكَمْرُدِي الله الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرَدِي الله الكَمْرَدِي الله الكَمْرَدِي الله الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرِي الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرِي الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرِي الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرَدِي الكَمْرِي الكَمْرِي ال		لامِع / بَرَّاق
silly         مَريض           winder         اعْبِي           simple         simple           sincere         مُخْلِص مُخْلِر           single         اعْرْب           single         sigle           single         right           single         right           single         right           single         right           single         right           single         right           small         right           smiling         right           smooth         right           sore         right           sore         right           sour         right           sour         right           sparkling         right           spotless         right           stormy         right           strange         right           strong         right           strong         right           right         right           right         right           right         right           right         right           right         right           right         right		قصيرة
silly         غبي           simple         simple           sincere         مخلص           single         اغرب           single         sidepy           sieepy         sieepy           silow         sie py           silow         sie py           small         miling           smiling         smiling           smooth         soit           soft         give           sore         soit           sour         sour           sparkling         splendid           spotless         square           stormy         stormy           strange         strange           strong         sie           strong         strange           strong         stupid           sie         sie           super         shatil           shatil         shatil           sie         shatil	shy	خُجول
simple         اَعْرُبُ اللهِ الله الله الله الله الله الله الل		مَريض
sincere single single sleepy sleepy slow small small smiling smooth sociable soft sore about sparkling sparkling splendid spotless sidue stormy strange strong strong stupid successful super sweet about single single single single soft sore sour sparkling spotless square stormy stormy strange stormy strange stormy strange stormy strange strong stupid successful super stalented solve single single single single single single spotless square stormy strange strong stupid successful super strange stupid successful super stalented talented talented talented talented iiii tame		سَخيف / غَبي
single         اغزب           sleepy         نغسان           silow         بظيء           small         منالم           small         مبتسم           smiling         مبتسم           smooth         أملس           soft         وأبت المراح           soft         المراح           sore         مأوليم           sour         المراح           sparkling         sparkling           splendid         spotless           square         أربيع           stormy         stormy           strange         strong           strong         successful           successful         successful           الموري         الموري           الموري         اليف	simple	بَسِيط
sleepy         نَعْسان           silow         sṛḍŋ           small         arma           smiling         arma           smiling         smiling           soft         adc           soft         adc           sore         adc           sour         alame           sparkling         sparkling           splendid         spotless           sidue         spotless           square         stormy           strong         alame           strong         strong           stupid         successful           super         subatil           alame         alame	sincere	مُخْلِص
shabe         spabe           small         sapan           smiling         sapan           smooth         smooth           sociable         sociable           soft         soft           sore         soeth           sour         sparkling           sparkling         sparkling           splendid         spotless           side         spotless           square         stormy           stromy         strong           strong         strong           stupid         successful           super         shattle           sweet         talented           talented         talented	single	أعْزَب
small         معغير           smiling         مبتسم           smooth         امْسَ           sociable         فرنے           soft         مُوئِم           sore         مُوئِم           sour         حامِض           sparkling         المِع/متألق           splendid         spotless           spotless         المُربَع           square         عاصِف           stormy         stormy           strange         strong           strong         stupid           successful         successful           مئوی         میریب           مئوی         مئوی           مؤوی         مئوی           مؤوی         مؤوی		نَعْسان
smiling smooth smooth sociable إِجْتِماعي soft sore حُمْرِي sour sparkling splendid splendid spotless نَظيف جِدًّا stormy stormy strange strong strong stupid successful super خُبِي عُبِي عُبِي عُبِي عُلُو المَذَاق sweet المَوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي الْمِوْرِي	slow	بَطيء
smooth       مأس         sociable       اِجْتِماعي         sore       مُوْلِم         مولیم       مولیل         sparkling       المحمر الله         sparkling       sparkling         splendid       المربع         spotless       المربع         square       المربع         stormy       stormy         strange       strong         strong       stupid         successful       successful         ملویل       موهوب         اليف       اليف		صَغير
sociable  soft  dicases  soft  dicases  soft  dicases  sore  about  sparkling  sparkling  splendid  spotless  idease  square  about  stormy  stormy  strange  strong  about  strong  stupid  successful  successful  super  about  about  sweet  talented  tall  tame	smiling	مبتسم
soft       طَرِي         sore       مُوْلِم         sour       حامِض         sparkling       sparkling         splendid       باهِر / رائع         splendid       spotless         idea       aplendid         storless       aplendid         stormy       stormy         strange       aplendid         strong       aplendid         strong       aplendid         stupid       aplendid         successful       successful         super       aplendid         aplendid       aplendid         sweet       aplendid         tall       aplendid         tame       aplendid	smooth	أمْلَس
sore       مُوْلِم         sour       حامض         sparkling       kead / nite         sparkling       sparkling         spelendid       spotless         ideab       çë         square       stormy         stronge       strong         strong       see         suppid       successful         supper       shit         sweet       sweet         tale nted       deut         Itue       tame	sociable	اِجْتِماعي
sour       حامِض         sparkling       Vajantilië         splendid       spotless         spotless       sapotless         square       square         stormy       sle         strange       strange         strong       sec         stupid       successful         successful       super         shart       Anth         sweet       sweet         talented       ace         deut       deut         tame       deut	soft	طَري
sparkling  yold الأمع / الأمع / الأمع / الأمع / الأمع / الأمع / الأعلق    spotless  iduate  iduation square  stormy  stormy  strange  strong  about  strong  stupid  successful  successful  super  about  hatili  talented  tale  specification  specification  tale  specification  specification  tale  specification  specification  specification  tale  specification  specification	sore	مُؤْلِم
splendid باهِر / رائع spotless نَظیفَ جِدًّا square مُرَبَّع stormy عاصِف strange غُریب strong قُوي قَوي stupid غَبِيَ عنبيَ غَبِيَ علية علي المَذاق successful super مُمُنَّاز / هائل sweet غُلو المَذاق talented وقويل tame	sour	حامِض
spotless نَظِيفَ جِدًّا square مُرَبَعُ stormy alone stormy عصف عصف عصف غريب غريب غريب strange غريب قوي strong قوي stupid غبي غبي مُثَنَازً مِثْلًا successful super مُمُنَّازً / هائل ملاقة sweet talented مُوهِ للمَذَاق tame	sparkling	لامِع/متألق
square       مُرَبَّع         stormy       alone         strange       غُريب         štrong       قُوي         stupid       غُبيّ         successful       ناچح         super       مُمُنتاز / هانل         مُلو المَذاق       sweet         talented       مُوهوب         أليف       tame	splendid	باهِر / رائع
stormy       عاصف         strange       غريب         قوي       قوي         strong       غبي         غبي       غبي         suppid       داجح         مُمْتاز / هانل       مهنال         sweet       مؤهوب         مؤهوب       مؤهوب         deut       اليف         tame       اليف	spotless	نَظيف جِدًّا
strange       غریب         قوي       stupid         غبي       غبي         successful       ناجح         مُمْتَاز / هائل       مُمْتَاز / هائل         sweet       غبوب         talented       مُوهوب         deut       deut         tame       أليف	square	مُرَبَّع
strong       قوي         stupid       غبي         successful       ناچح         مُمْتاز / هانل       مُمْتاز / هانل         sweet       غلو المَذاق         موهوب       موهوب         degt       tall         tame       إليف	stormy	عاصِف
stupid       غَبِيَ         successful       ناجح         super       مُمْتَاز / هائل         sweet       غلو المَذَاق         talented       مُوهِوب         deيل       deيل         tame       أليف	strange	غُريب
successful       ناچح         مُمْتاز / هانل       مُمْتاز / هانل         sweet       غلو المَذاق         موهوب       مُوهوب         degt       degt         tame       إليف	strong	قُوي
super       مُمْتاز / هانل         sweet       خلو المَذَاق         مَوهوب       مُوهوب         dall       طُويل         tame       أليف		غُبِيّ
super       مُمْتاز / هانل         sweet       خلو المَذَاق         مَوهوب       مُوهوب         dall       طُويل         tame       أليف	successful	ناجِح
sweetخلو المَذاقمَوهوبمَوهوبdegtطُويلtameأليف		مُمْتاز / هائل
tall طُويل tame		حُلو المَذاق
أليف tame	talented	مَوهوب
	tall	طَويل
لَذيذ tasty	tame	أليف
	tasty	<i>أ</i> ذيذ

tender	حَنون
tense	مُتَوَيِّر / قَلِق
terrible	مُریع / رَهیب
thankful	شاكِر
thick	ستميك
thin	رَقيق
thoughtful	رَصين, عَميق التفكير
tidy	مُرَتَّب
tiny	صغير
tired	تعبان
tough	قُوي / صارِم
traditional	تَقْليدي
ugly	قَبيح / بَشِع
uninterested	غَير مُهتَمّ / لا مُبالِ
unusual	غَيْر عادي
upset	قُلِق
uptight	متوتر
useful	مُفيد
useless	غَیْر مُفید
vast	شاسِع/ واسع
versatile	متعدد الجوانب/متقلب
victorious	مُثْتَصِر
vivacious	مرح/مفعم بالحيوية
weak	ضَعيف
weary	مُتْعَب/مرهق
well	جَيّدة
well-behaved	حسن تصرف
wet	مُبَلَّل
wicked	شِرّير
wide	عَريض
wide-eyed	واسع العينين
wild	بَرّي راغِب
willing	راغِب
witty	وَ أَنْ اللهِ البَديهة قلق مقلق/ مزعج مذط :
worried	قَلِق
worrisome	<u>مقلق/ مزعج</u>
wrong	<u>مخطئ</u>
young	شاب
zealous	متحمس